Otorohanga District Council Annual Plan 2017-2018 **JONCO**

a Wâtini

MAHANOI

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	i
Comments from the Mayor and Chief Executive	1
Council Activities	2
Land Transport	
Water Supply	6
Sewerage Treatment and Disposal	
Flood Protection and Control Works	
Stormwater Drainage	14
Community Services	
Regulatory Services	21
Community Development	
Governance and Leadership	27
Consolidated Cost of Service Statement	
Financial Statements Prospective Statement of Comprehensive Income Reconciliation of Prospective Statement of Comprehensive Income and Combin	32
Prospective Statement of Changes in Equity Prospective Statement of Financial Position Prospective Statement of Cash Flows Prospective Statement of Public Debt Prospective Statement of Reserves Statement of Accounting Policies	34 35 36 37 37
Statement of Accounting Policies	38
Funding Impact Statement	
Funding Impact Statement	50 54 55
Funding Impact Statement	
Funding Impact Statement	
Funding Impact Statement	

MISSION STATEMENT

"Otorohanga District Council will strive to be the best rural council in New Zealand, operating proactive policies which promote progress while taking into account social, cultural, economic and environmental needs."



Comments from the Mayor and Chief Executive

The content of this Annual Plan is largely similar to what has been previously signalled for the third year of the 2015-2025 Long Term Plan (LTP), subject to those amendments to that Plan recently made in response to a continuing strong growth radiating from the central Waikato and a number of proposed major commercial and government projects within our District.

Aside from the new initiatives that have been introduced through the LTP amendment, the main changes relate to some relatively minor building improvements and additions, the proposed installation of closed circuit television (CCTV) monitoring systems in Kawhia and Aotea, further work to develop an additional water source for Otorohanga, and some changes to the timing of existing projects.

The most significant of these timing changes relate to the proposed introduction of universal metered water charges in Otorohanga and the installation of a piped wastewater system for the main street of Kawhia, both of which have been postponed for a year.

The forecast average rates increases for the 2017/18 year are as follows:

Rural Area	1.99%
Otorohanga Community	3.14%
Kawhia/Aotea Community	3.79%
Overall (District)	2.48%

The proposed average rates increase for the Otorohanga Community is significantly higher than that originally signalled in the LTP because

of deferring the introduction of metered water charges for the town, which would have shifted some of the cost of water supply away from rating, and into fees and charges. Rating levels in the community will however eventually be reduced when metered charges are commenced.

Overall the financial position of Council is very sound, with us well established on a strong path towards reduction and elimination of debt. A number of recent cost savings have been achieved and it seems likely that further cost reduction, as yet not signalled in Council's budgets, will be achievable in the near future.

There is a widespread feeling that the District is poised on the cusp of a period of potential economic and population growth that could yield significant benefits for the District as a whole, and that Council is currently well positioned to play a role in making this a reality.

This is a refreshing situation, as for a number of years there had been an perception that just remaining stable against a tide of decline might be the best achievable outcome.

Maste

M M Baxter Mayor

D C Clibbery Chief Executive



Council Activities

This part of the Annual Plan explains how Council's activities will contribute towards the achievement of community outcomes.

Each activity comprises Levels of Service, work programmes and a monitoring framework which the community can use to assess Councils progress. Council communicates its progress against its performance measures once a year in the Annual Report.

This section explains the plans that have been developed for each of Councils significant activities. The activities have been placed into one of the following:

- Land Transport
 Water Supply
 Sewerage Treatment & Disposal
 Flood Protection and Control Works
 Stormwater Drainage
 Community Services
 Regulatory Services
 - 🌄 Community Development; or
 - Sovernance and Leadership

group of activities depending on that activity's major emphasis. Each group of activities is discussed separately.

How this section works

Each activity within the group of activities contains the following information;

- A description of how the activity contributes to Community Outcomes and Council's role in delivering those outcomes.
- A list of major capital projects scheduled for the 2017/18 year

Explanations of any significant changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

- A performance monitoring framework, showing target levels of service, performance indicators and a description of how Council will measure performance against those indicators.
- Cost of Service Statements for the group of activities



Land Transport

What Community Outcome Does Roads and Footpaths Contribute To

Communi	ty Outcomes	Roads and Footpaths
	Otorohanga District is a safe place to live	Safe roads and footpaths, as well as adequate street lighting, help to improve the safety of those in and around the community
	Ensure services and facilities meet the needs of the Community	•
Contraction of the second	Manage the Natural and Physical environment in a sustainable manner	The provision of suitable footpaths enable residents to move freely through the community, without the need to drive short distances. Through efficient and effective design we are able to make roads and footpaths that have minimal impact on the surrounding environment.

Major Projects for 2017/18

- LED Streetlight upgrade.
- Area wide pavement treatment and improvements of Mangaorongo Road.
- Replacement of bridge and road work on Waikeria Road.
- Footpath maintenance and construction in Otorohanga and Kawhia communities.

Changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

The significant operating change is related to depreciation expense, which has increased by \$762,000 as a result of improved roading condition information and a change in methodology of calculation. As all depreciation is funded to cover capital works, this has not had an impact on rates income.

Additional operating expenditure on footpath maintenance and road safety promotion have also been included in the 2017/18 Annual Plan.



How We Will Measure Performance

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
The design and maintenance of District roads ensures that they are safe and comfortable to travel on	Reliable roading around the District will ensure that the transportation needs of communities are met. Providing safe vehicular access	The numerical change from the previous finance year (for which all data is available) in the total number of fatalities and serious injuries resulting from road crashes on local roads	0
liaveron	helps keep our communities safe and also helps provide quality transport networks	The average quality of ride of sealed roads measured by smooth travel exposure (as a percent of travel distance above a NAASRA smoothness value of 150)	95%
		The extent of the sealed network by surface area that is resurfaced annually	95%
		The extent of unsealed road metalling programme that is completed annually	95%
		Percentage of the footpath network which meets or is above the condition rating standard 3 or better (minor cracking)	95%
		Percentage of service requests relating to roads and footpaths responded to within 10 working days	90%

Land Transport Financial Statements

Land Transport - Operating Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Operating Revenue				
Activity Revenue	3,711	3,487	3,816	- 328
Targeted Rates	5,075	5,478	5,206	272
Other General Sources	919	859	978	- 119
Total Operating Revenue	9,705	9,825	9,999	- 175
Operating Expenditure				
Land Transport	7,752	7,367	8,359	- 992
Engineering Business Unit	907	866	919	- 53
Total Operating Expenditure	8,659	8,232	9,277	- 1,045
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	522	529	531	- 2
Depreciation & Amortisation	3,298	2,982	3,744	- 762
Interest	251	239	211	28
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	1,046	1,592	722	871
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or	1,046	1,592	722	871
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	-	-	-	-



Land Transport - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17 Annual Plan	2017/18 Long Term Plan	2017/18 Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements	()	(/	()	()
Capital Renewals	3,182	3,363	3,353	10
Capital Growth	51	52	52	0
Capital Level of Service	978	888	885	3
Loans Repaid	424	439	423	16
Operating Deficit	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Required	4,634	4,742	4,713	28
Funded by:				
Funding from Non-Cash Expenses	3,298	2,982	3,744	- 762
Loans Raised	152	160	154	6
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	138	7	93	- 86
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	1,046	1,592	722	871
Total Funding Applied	4,634	4,742	4,713	28



Water Supply

What Community Outcome Does Water Supply Contribute To

Comm	unity Outcomes	Water Supply
Comm	unity Outcomes	water Suppry
	Otorohanga District is a safe place to live	The water supply activity providing water that is safe to drink. Alternative sources and interconnectivity of networks support reliance of the system.
	Ensure services and facilities meet the needs of the Community	The water supply activity underpins other facilities and activities by providing safe water for human and animal needs.
Ser.	Manage the Natural and Physical environment in a sustainable manner	The water supply activity is a service to the community providing water that is safe to drink and is efficiently delivered to meet customer needs.

Major Projects for 2017/18

- Treatment plant upgrade at Tihiroa Rural Water Supply.
- Filter renewals at Tihiroa Rural Water Supply.
- Pump renewals in Tihiroa Rural Water Supply and Otorohanga Water Supply.
- Establish new water source at Te Raumaku Road.

Changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

Tihiroa Rural Water Supply capital expenditure planned in previous years is carried over to 2017/18 year. Also a new project around establishing a new additional water source for Otorohanga has been added.

Ranginui Rural Water Supply has reduced costs as a result of converting to a stock only scheme.

Water Supply Level of Service Targets

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
The water provided is safe to drink	Providing continuous, efficient, quality water supply to communities	Drinking water supplies comply with Part 4 of the drinking-water standards (bacteria compliance criteria) As measured by bacterial water sample results	
	ensures the	Otorohanga	Complies
	health of consumers	Kawhia	Complies
		Drinking water supplies comply with Part 5 of the drinking-water standards (protozoal compliance criteria)	
		Otorohanga	Complies
		Kawhia	Complies
		Percentage of real water loss from the networked reticulation system	
		Otorohanga	30%
		Kawhia	30%

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
		Median response time to:	
		Urgent call-outs	<3hr 35mins
		Non-urgent call-outs	<25hrs
		Median resolution rimes for:	
		Urgent call-outs	<18hrs
		Non-urgent call-outs	<31hrs
The Council provides reliable drinking water		Number of complaints, per 1000 connections, relating to water clarity, water taste, water odour, water pressure or flow, continuity of supply and Council's responses to those issues.	<5 complaints
supplies		Average consumption of drinking water per day per resident within the Otorohanga District	300L per person per day

Water Supply Financial Statements

Water Supply - Operating Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Operating Revenue				
Activity Revenue	42	52	44	9
Targeted Rates	1,511	1,613	1,557	56
General Rates	34	26	- 39	12
Other General Sources	368	355	363 -	8
Total Operating Revenue	1,955	2,046	2,002	44
Operating Expenditure				
Arohena Water Supply	250	273	263	10
Ranginui Water Supply	56	110	59	51
Tihiroa Water Supply	247	251	254 -	3
Waipa Water Supply	100	107	111 -	5
Otorohanga Water Supply	336	368	394 -	26
Otorohanga Water Treatment Plant	382	395	386	9
Otorohanga Water Loan	57	48	41	7
Kawhia Water Supply	222	219	226 -	7
Water Services	389	371	391 -	20
Total Operating Expenditure	2,037	2,140	2,124	15
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	220	213	224 -	11
Depreciation & Amortisation	473	563	572 -	9
Interest	76	71	55	16
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	- 82	- 94	- 123	29
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or	-	-	-	-
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	- 82	- 94	- 123	29



Water Supply - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17 Annual Plan	2017/18 Long Term Plan	2017/18 Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements				
Capital Renewals	318	273	469	- 196
Capital Level of Service	798	-	147	- 147
Loans Repaid	98	106	91	16
Operating Deficit	82	94	123	- 29
Total Funding Required	1,297	473	829	- 357
Funded by:				
Funding from Non-Cash Expenses	916	320	283	38
Loans Raised	267	21	186	- 165
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	114	131	360	- 229
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Applied	1,297	473	829	- 357



Sewerage Treatment and Disposal

How Does Sewerage Treatment and Disposal Contribute To Community Outcomes?

Commu	nity Outcomes	Contribution
	Otorohanga District is a safe place to live	Efficient wastewater management is most important for maintaining a healthy community.
	Ensure services and facilities meet the needs of the Community	Efficient wastewater management is an important essential service which determines enjoyment if property and quality of life.
Contraction of the second	Manage the Natural and Physical environment in a sustainable manner	The need to treat wastewater to required standards is most important to avoid harm to the environment.

Major Projects for 2017/18

- Installation of Kawhia main street sewerage scheme.
- Wetland cell renewals at Otorohanga treatment ponds.

Changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

The installation of the Kawhia Sewerage scheme has been deferred from the 2016/17 year into the 2017/18 year. This is due to the extended time it took for the LTP amendment causing a delay in commencing the project.

Sewerage Treatment and Disposal Levels of Service

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
The Council provides wastewater services that effectively collect and dispose of wastewater	Ensure that the needs of local and visitor communities are met. Contributes to the public health of the community	Number of dry weather sewerage overflows from the territorial authority's sewerage system, expressed per 1000 sewerage connections.	0 overflows
Wastewater disposal as provided by the Council does not create any smells, spills or health issues and causes	Ensures that the natural and physical environment is not seriously affected by wastewater services.	Compliance with the resource consents for discharge from the sewerage system measured by the number of:	0 compliance issues
minimal impact on the natural environment		Abatement notices; Infringement notices;	
		Enforcement orders; and	
		Convictions, received by the territorial authority in relation to those resource consents.	
		Median response times for attending to sewerage overflows resulting from a blockage or other fault in the sewerage system; measured:	
		Attendance time: from the time	



Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
		of notification to the time service personnel reach the site.	<0hrs 50mins
		Resolution time: from the time of notification to the time service personnel confirm resolution of the blockage or fault.	<32hrs 0mins
		Total number of complaints received by the territorial authority about any of the following:	
		Sewage odour;	<12
		Sewerage system faults;	<5
		Sewerage system blockages; and	<12
		Response to issues with the sewerage system, expressed per 1000 connections to the sewerage system.	<10



Sewerage Treatment & Disposal Financial Statements

Sewerage Treatment and Disposal - Operating Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Operating Revenue				
Activity Revenue	47	82	202	- 120
Targeted Rates	505	550	487	63
General Rates	22	24	22	3
Other General Sources	0	1	3	- 2
Total Operating Revenue	574	658	714	- 57
Operating Expenditure				
Otorohanga Sewerage	492	539	514	25
Otorohanga Sewerage Loan	82	74	73	1
Kawhia Sewerage	-	30	8	22
Kawhia Sewerage Loan	-	10	-	10
Total Operating Expenditure	574	653	595	58
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	-	-	-	-
Depreciation & Amortisation	218	286	239	47
Interest	79	85	70	15
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	0	5	119	- 115
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or	0	5	119	- 115
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	-	-	-	-

Sewerage Treatment and Disposal - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements				
Capital Renewals	99	221	704	- 482
Capital Level of Service	-	-	-	-
Loans Repaid	117	128	117	12
Operating Deficit	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Required	215	350	820	- 471
Funded by:				
Funding from Non-Cash Expenses	215	349	238	111
Loans Raised	-	-	443	- 443
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	-	- 5	20	- 25
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	-	5	119	- 115
Total Funding Applied	215	350	820	- 471



Flood Protection and Control Works

How Does Flood Protection and Control Works Contribute To Community Outcomes?

Community Outcomes		Contribution	
	Otorohanga District is a safe place to live	By providing these flood protection works we provide safety from most flooding events.	
	Ensure services and facilities meet the needs of the Community	These flood protection works enable the district to grow, with businesses and residents being confident that widespread flooding will be limited in most events.	

Major Projects for 2017/18

\$12,000 allocated for health and safety improvements related to Otorohanga Flood Protection.

Changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

There has been an increase in income received from Waikato Regional Council for flood protection as a result of a new agreement being signed.

Flood Protection and Control Works Levels of Service

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
Retention of assets in substantially the same form as when they were initially constructed	Effective maintenance of flood protection systems will ensure that communities are safe and healthy and ensure that efficient and effective water services are provided, to meet both current and future demands	Quantitative assessment of condition and serviceability of flood protection assets based on an annual inspection conducted by Council staff and elected members, as well as monthly maintenance checks by water services staff	>80% against quantifiable standardised assessment criteria as set by Regional Council.



Flood Protection and	Control	Works Financial Statements
1 loou 1 lottettion unu	donti or	The second

Flood Protection and Control Works - Operating Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Operating Revenue				
Activity Revenue	115	116	170	- 54
Targeted Rates	27	27	26	1
General Rates	8	3	4	- 1
Other General Sources	3	0	4	- 4
Total Operating Revenue	153	146	204	- 59
Operating Expenditure				
Land Drainage	8	3	4	- 1
Otorohanga Flood Protection	122	136	144	- 9
Aotea Seawall Protection	10	10	15	- 5
Aotea Seawall Loan	4	3	3	-
Total Operating Expenditure	144	152	166	- 15
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	-	-	-	-
Depreciation & Amortisation	25	27	31	- 4
Interest	11	9	9	-
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	9	- 6	38	- 44
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or	9	-	38	- 38
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	-	- 6	-	- 6

Flood Protection and Control Works - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17 Annual Plan	2017/18 Long Term Plan	2017/18 Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements				
Capital Renewals	19	18	30	- 12
Loans Repaid	14	14	14	-
Operating Deficit	-	6	-	6
Total Funding Required	33	38	44	- 6
Funded by:				
Funding from Non-Cash Expenses	25	25	25	-
Loans Raised	-	-	-	-
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	- 2	14	- 19	32
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	9	-	38	- 38
Total Funding Applied	33	38	44	- 6



Stormwater Drainage

How Does Stormwater Drainage Contribute To Community Outcomes?

Community Outcomes		Contribution		
	Ensure services and facilities meet the needs of the Community	Efficient stormwater management is an important essential service which determines enjoyment of property.		
Contraction of the second seco	Manage the Natural and Physical environment in a sustainable manner	Ponding has the potential of damaging the environment.		

Major Projects for 2017/18

No major capital projects in the 2017/18 year.

Changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

No significant changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan.

Stormwater Drainage Levels of Service

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
Council stormwater systems are well operated and maintained	Sound planning of appropriate stormwater systems will ensure that communities are safe and healthy and ensure that efficient and effective water services are provided, to meet both current and future demands.	Number of flooding events that occur in the district For each flooding event, the number of habitable floors affected (expressed per 1000 properties connected to the Stormwater system) Compliance with resource consents for discharge from the Stormwater system, measured by the number of: Abatement notices; and Infringement notices; and Successful prosecutions, received in relation to the resource consents The median response time to attend a flooding event measured from the time	
		we receive the notification to the time service personnel reach the site Number of complaints received about the performance of the Stormwater system, expressed per 1000 properties connected to the Stormwater system.	2 complaints



Stormwater Drainage Financial Statements

Stormwater Drainage - Operating Statement	2016/17 Annual Plan	2017/18 Long Term Plan	2017/18 Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Operating Revenue				
Activity Revenue	10	10	10	-
General Rates	174	182	179	2
Other General Sources	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Revenue	184	192	190	2
Operating Expenditure				
Otorohanga Stormwater	141	147	145	2
Kawhia Stormwater	43	45	44	-
Total Operating Expenditure	184	192	190	2
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	-	-	-	-
Depreciation & Amortisation	84	96	95	1
Interest	39	34	33	1
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	-	-	-	-
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or	-	-	-	-
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	-	-	-	-

Stormwater Drainage - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements				
Capital Renewals	6	6	6	-
Capital Level of Service	28	-	-	-
Loans Repaid	55	55	55	-
Operating Deficit	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Required	89	61	61	
Funded by:				
Funding from Non-Cash Expenses	89	61	61	-
Loans Raised	-	-	-	-
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	-	-	-	-
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Applied	89	61	61	-



Community Services

What Community Outcome Does Community Services Contribute To

	Community Outcomes	Contribution
	Otorohanga District is a safe place to live	By providing a security patrol service in the Otorohanga township, as well as safe and enjoyable recreational facilities, Council is able to ensure residents feel safe in the district.
		Good quality housing for the elderly ensures that the older generations are also looked after in the community.
	Ensure services and facilities meet the needs of the Community	Surveys of residents have shown that residents value the facilities provided by the community services group of activities.
Ser.	Manage the Natural and Physical environment in a sustainable manner	Solid waste management ensures that the natural and physical environment is maintained, by ensuring that all waste is adequately and correctly disposed of or recycled where appropriate.
	Protect the special character of our harbours and their catchments	Kawhia Harbour services ensure that the Kawhia and Aotea harbours are accessible for all residents of the district.
	Provide for the unique history and culture of the District	By providing cemeteries and memorial parks such as the WWI and WWII parks in Otorohanga, we are able to retain a link to the history of the residents of the district.

Major Projects for 2017/18

- Improvements to existing public conveniences
- Building public conveniences at Waipapa Reserve
- Installation of CCTV in Kawhia and Aotea communities.

Changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

The installation of toilets at Waipapa reserve are a new capital item not previously included in the Long Term Plan. Council has purchased the Girl Guide hall in Otorohanga and this building requires some improvements which have also previously not been budgeted.

The CCTV in Kawhia and Aotea represents a significant change to the rates for those communities to fund the one-off cost of this installation.



Community Services Level of Service Targets

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
Parks and Reserves (in	ncluding public convenience	es)	
Providing Council parks and reserves that enhance our communities quality of	Parks and reserves provide for a number of things – a sense of place, active recreation spaces	Paths and tracks comply with relevant standards ¹	50% compliance
life	and opportunities for communities to interact – all contributing to our community outcomes	Playground equipment comply with relevant standards ²	30% compliance
		Park furniture meets safety and maintenance criteria	70% meet safety criteria
Public Toilets as provided by Council are maintained in good condition	Having safe and clean toilets helps achieve safe and healthy communities	Number of complaints received about public conveniences recorded in the service request system	<12 complaints
Library			
Relevance of library services to the community is measured by: • Material issued • Physical items • E-books • Digital materials	Healthy, cohesive, and informed communities have access to a wide range of current library materials, in a variety of formats. People in the community have access to public spaces offering programmes and activities which contribute to local	Statistical data is maintained to record material issued Library visits per capita per year	>46,800 physical items >850 e-books >5 visits per capita per year
 Physical visits Website visits Computer sessions 	identity, lifelong learning and recreation.	Book stock has an average	>75% have
book stock is maintained		publication date of 10 years or less	publication date less than 10 years
Housing for the Elderly	y		
Provide Housing for the Elderly that is fully utilised	This service ensures Otorohanga District has housing that satisfies the needs of the community and is seen to be an ideal place for retirement	Percentage of the year units are occupied	>95% occupied

² New Zealand Standards NZS 5828 sets out legislation and best practice for playground equipment and surfacing



¹ New Zealand Standards NZS 8630 sets out legislation and best practice for outdoor tracks and structures

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
Good standards of maintenance and accommodation are maintained by Council		Maintenance items identified during annual inspections remedied to residents satisfaction, as measured by annual survey	>95% satisfaction
Other Property			
Ensure that all buildings and structures are maintained in a sound, sanitary and safe condition	Having safe buildings that are maintained in a sound, sanitary and safe condition – ensures our communities are safe	Building maintenance is regularly assessed and carried out	Urgent maintenance carried out within 5 working days
Ensure that all buildings with a Compliance Schedule meet the requirements of the Building Act		All applicable buildings have a current Building Warrant of Fitness (BWOF) ³	Current BWOF in place
Swimming Pool			
Provision of a clean, safe, public swimming pool that can be accessed by the District	Ensuring that the public's access to a safe public swimming facility helps create safe communities and a range of recreational facilities	The water quality of the pools meets acceptable standards ⁴ for the safety and health of users	Daily testing meets acceptable standards 85% of each month
Cemeteries			
The Cemeteries are well maintained and developed for future use	Well maintained and conveniently located cemeteries will be provided and planned for ahead of growth and development, ensuring these needs are met in the future	Number of complaints received regarding maintenance of the cemeteries	Less than 10 complaints
Information about cemeteries and internments are readily available	Providing information about internments at the cemeteries provides a link to the history of the District	Number of page views of cemetery information on Council website	>4000 page views
Solid Waste			
Refuse and recycling collection services are provided and recycling actively promoted	Councils planning for the future of the District will consider growth and development in its waste management strategies, and will involve recycling as a key aspect for communities – engraining	Increase in recycling volumes over previous year	1% increase
	the importance of the	Complaints received from	<10 complaints

³ Buildings are Otorohanga Council Building, Swimming Pools, Kawhia Community Hall, Otorohanga Public Library. ⁴ Acceptable standards as defined in the contract including NZS 5826



Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
	character and natural values of our District	people whose rubbish was not collected during kerbside collection as recorded in the service request system	
The closed landfills the Council is responsible for meet environmental compliance		Extent of compliance with associated Resource Consent conditions for the closed landfills in Otorohanga and Kawhia	Full Compliance
Provide a roadside litter collection service throughout the rural area	This service ensures that Otorohanga's clean green image is maintained and the rural environment is not a dumping ground	Number of complaints received regarding roadside litter	<12 complaints
Security Patrol			
To provide Security Patrol services for a defined area within	By ensuring that Otorohanga is a safe environment to live, work	Number of crimes against property in the patrolled area (excluding graffiti)	<10 reported crimes
Otorohanga Community during night time hours	and play	Number of reported instances of graffiti within the patrolled area	<10 reported graffiti instances
District Sports Co-Ord	linator		
Delivery of sport and leisure activities as per agreement between Sport Waikato and Otorohanga District Council	The Council supports the development of communities by providing funding to agencies where it sees that such funding will positively support and make our communities more healthy and active	100% compliance with agreement monitored through quarterly reports to Council	100% Compliance



Community Services Financial Statements

Community Services - Operating Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Operating Revenue				
Activity Revenue	447	456	407	49
Targeted Rates	388	388	339	49
Development Contributions	10	11	10	C
General Rates	1,744	1,788	1,912 -	124
Other General Sources	3	4	2	1
Total Operating Revenue	2,592	2,646	2,671 -	25
Operating Expenditure				
Parks & Reserves	657	679	683 -	4
Public Conveniences	131	135	136 -	1
Library	350	353	362 -	9
Swimming Pools	373	382	379	3
Pensioner Housing	159	169	173 -	4
Halls	70	75	73	2
Kawhia Harbour Services	50	51	54 -	3
Cemeteries	88	89	89	C
Other Council Property	134	133	143 -	10
Solid Waste Management	452	418	473 -	55
Security Patrol	112	117	102	15
Sport Waikato	28	55	28	26
Total Operating Expenditure	2,603	2,655	2,695 -	40
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	201	203	204 -	1
Depreciation & Amortisation	356	378	401 -	22
Interest	50	44	42	2
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	- 11	- 9	- 24	15
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or	-	-	-	-
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	- 11	- 9	- 24	15

Community Services - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements				
Capital Renewals	161	128	170	- 42
Capital Growth	-	-	-	-
Capital Level of Service	65	38	149	- 111
Loans Repaid	83	83	83	-
Operating Deficit	11	9	24	- 15
Total Funding Required	320	258	426	- 167
Funded by:				
Funding from Non-Cash Expenses	228	187	245	- 58
Loans Raised	-	-	-	-
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	4	71	92	- 21
Capital Income	87	-	89	- 89
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Applied	320	258	426	- 167



Regulatory Services

How Does Regulatory Services Contribute To Community Outcomes?

Comm	nunity Outcomes	Contribution
	Otorohanga District is a safe place to live	The group of activities involves service delivery which contribute strongly to personal and property safety.
	Ensure services and facilities meet the needs of the Community	The group of activities involves service delivery which determines quality of life, enjoyment of property.
Ser.	Manage the Natural and Physical environment in a sustainable manner	The emphasis of this group of activities is strongly on sustainability with the focus both on people and the environment.
	Protect the special character of our harbours and their catchments	The emphasis of this group of activities is strongly on sustainability with the focus both on people and the environment.
	Recognise the importance of the District's rural character	The emphasis of this group of activities is strongly on sustainability with the focus both on people and the environment.

Major Projects for 2017/18

Upgrade of the Otorohanga Pound building and surrounding land

Changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

The most significant change is that the upgrade of the Otorohanga Pound is carried over from the 2016/17 year to the 2017/18 year.

There is also an increase in the cost of the Environmental Services manager department due to an additional staffing resource over what was in the Long Term Plan.

Regulatory Services Level of Service Targets

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
Building Control			
The Council processes, inspects and certifies work in Otorohanga District	The Council remains a Building Consent Authority to help ensure buildings are safe	Otorohanga District Council maintains its processes so that it meets BCA accreditation every two years	-
	The Fencing of Swimming Pools Act is enforced	Annual recorded pool inspections of the properties listed on the Swimming Pool Register	>15% of pools on register



Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
Building consent applications are processed within 20 working days as required by Sec 48 of the Building Act 2004	Council certifies all consented building work complies with the building code – ensuring our communities are safe	Percentage of consents processed within 20 working days	100%
Planning and Development	1		
All resource consent decisions will be notified within the time limits of Sec 115 of the Resource Management Act 1991	Efficiently processing resource consent applications enables the Council to regulate land- use activities consistently with its District Plan (Landuse regulations), demonstrating that the Council values the natural environment	The time to process non- notified land use and subdivision consents will be no more than 20 working days	100%
Good advice will be delivered to help people understand the District Plan rules	Good advice from the Council, in accordance with the District Plan, will contribute to ensuring that growth and development is managed appropriately and that the natural environment of the District is treated respectively	Current and consistent information available to the public	Updated information available on Council website
Civil Defence			
People are prepared for a civil defence emergency	This service means the Council has a direct role in ensuring communities are prepared for emergencies	Formal training exercises are conducted each year The Civil Defence action team comprising key staff will meet at least once between formal exercises to ensure preparedness and training schedules are maintained	2 formal training exercises Once between exercises
Dog Control			
Dogs roaming outside property boundaries and on public reserves will be impounded. The dog control officer responds to public complaints about roaming dogs and uplifts and impounds dogs found wandering the streets. Regular patrols are carried out in urban areas	Through this service, the public feel safe from roaming dogs	Percentage of registered dogs impounded Complaints about roaming dogs that are responded to	<5%



Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
Stock Ranging and Impour	nding		
Wandering animals are removed from roadways, public places and private property.	Public safety is enhanced because wandering animals are removed from roads and public places.	Calls about stock wandering on roads are actioned immediately. Response time depends on location of stock and travelling times	100%
Environmental Health			
Any cases of communicable disease identified is investigated	The cause of communicable disease is identified and further transmission of the infection is avoided	All communicable disease reports received from the District Health Board are investigating within 10 working days. The result of the investigation is reported back to the Medical Officer of Health no later than 14 working days from receiving the report.	100%
Premises are inspected to ensure they are producing safe food	Having healthy food services, helps achieve safe communities	All premises in which food is sold or processed that require registration, hold a current licence.	100%
		All licenced premises receive at least one annual inspection. All inspections recorded in the Magiq database.	1 annual inspection per licenced premise
		All premises in the District that require a Food Control Plan will undertake at least one annual audit	100% compliance
The sale and supply of liquor is controlled to prevent bad behaviour	The Council will help to achieve safe and healthy communities through preventing bad behaviour as a result of liquor supply	A liquor licence is held in respect of all premises at which liquor is sold or supplied, and every premise licensed for the sale or supply of liquor is managed by an appropriately qualified person	100%
Rural Fire			
To provide a rural fire service to meet the requirements of the Forest and Rural Fires Act and Regulations.	Aid in the reduction of uncontrolled fires and reduce the cost of rural fires to the ratepayers which will ensure that	Permits are to be issued within 3 working days Annual Restricted Fire Season.	>90%
	our essential services and the environment are protected.	Recovery of the costs of fires from those responsible for lighting fire or their insurers.	>90%



Regulatory Services Cost of Service Statements

Regulatory Services - Operating Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Operating Revenue				
Activity Revenue	491	486	501	- 16
General Rates	881	856	881	- 25
Other General Sources	260	231	266	- 35
Total Operating Revenue	1,633	1,573	1,648	- 76
Operating Expenditure				
Building Control	523	553	535	17
Planning & Development	209	213	210	3
Civil Defence	126	101	127	- 26
Dog Control	156	146	178	- 33
Stock Ranging	20	22	20	2
Environmental Health	130	126	129	- 3
Rural Fire	64	62	51	11
Environmental Services Manager	393	337	397	- 60
Total Operating Expenditure	1,621	1,560	1,648	- 88
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	515	501	514	- 13
Depreciation & Amortisation	5	4	2	2
Interest	1	2	1	1
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	12	13	-	12
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or	12	13	-	12
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	-	-	-	-

Regulatory Services - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements				
Capital Renewals	3	3	-	3
Capital Level of Service	41	2	38	- 35
Loans Repaid	-	2	-	2
Operating Deficit	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Required	44	7	38	- 31
Funded by:				
Funding from Non-Cash Expenses	5	5	1	4
Loans Raised	38	-	35	- 35
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	- 10	- 11	3	- 14
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	12	13	-	13
Total Funding Applied	44	7	38	- 31



Community Development

How Does Community Development Contribute To Council's Outcomes?

Community	Outcomes	Contribution
	Provide for the unique history and culture of the district	Through promotion of the district we are able to promote the history of the district, and the unique culture of the district
	Promote the local economy and opportunities for sustainable economic development	District promotion enables us to attempt to attract business and residents to the area, with the property development providing opportunities for those people coming in

Major Projects for 2017/18

Major subdivision works in Otorohanga community.

Changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

No significant changes from 2015-25 Long Term Plan.

Community Development Level of Service Targets

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
Property Development			
That identified opportunities to address significant perceived shortages in the availability of particular types of property in the District are pursued.	Contributes towards a vibrant community with available property	Development	Creation of additional 60 residential lots by subdivision
District Promotion			
District is effectively promoted as a place to visit or live in	Promoting Tourism and higher tourist spending will	Otorohanga District Development Board provides quarterly reports to Council	4 quarterly reports
Tourism activity in District is supported	contribute to a stronger district economy	Tourism Waikato provides 6 monthly reports to Council.	6 monthly reports received



Community Development Financial Statements

Community Development - Operating Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Operating Revenue				
Activity Revenue	-	-	-	-
General Rates	- 137	342	347	- 5
Other General Sources	-	- 8	- 9	1
Total Operating Revenue	- 137	334	338	- 5
Operating Expenditure				
Property Development	45	341	336	4
District Economic Development	333	341	347	- 6
Total Operating Expenditure	378	682	683	- 1
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	-	-	-	-
Depreciation & Amortisation	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	121	116	5
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	- 515	- 348	- 345	- 3
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or		-	-	-
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	- 515	- 348	- 345	- 3

Community Development - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements				
Capital Renewals	-	-	-	-
Capital Level of Service	-	3,240	3,379	- 139
Loans Repaid	-	1,094	1,094	-
Operating Deficit	515	348	345	3
Total Funding Required	515	4,682	4,818	- 136
Funded by:				
Loans Raised	-	3,240	3,379	- 139
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	-	182	179	3
Capital Income	515	1,260	1,260	-
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Applied	515	4,682	4,818	- 136



Governance and Leadership

How Does Governance and Leadership Contribute To Community Outcomes?

Comr	nunity Outcomes	Contribution
	Otorohanga District is a safe place to live	A well-functioning council ensures that all activities function well.
	Ensure services and facilities meet the needs of the Community Promote the local economy and opportunities for sustainable economic development	One of the focus areas for Council in its consultation with external service providers is the need to keep services to a high standard, accessible and affordable to the community. Without confidence in the leadership of Council, an economy is unlikely to grow. Services like health, education and safety are all most important for growth, and Council plays an important facilitation and leadership role in ensuring the best and most appropriate
	Foster an involved and engaged community	services are provided to the district. Preparation of reports and plans provide an opportunity for the residents of the district to be involved.

Major Projects for 2017/18

- Sundry computer hardware and software renewals.
- Renewals of vehicle fleet where due for renewal.
- Replacement of carpet in the upstairs of the main Council office.

Changes from the 2015-25 Long Term Plan

Significant operating changes include an increase in costs of support services, due to additional costs imposed by legislative changes, as well as saving in interest expense on external loans, due to competitive rates achieved through the Local Government Funding Agency.

Savings are also made in Council grants due to a change in the process of recording rates remissions.

Governance and Leadership Level of Service Targets

Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
Democracy			
Communicate and consult with the community on key	An active supportive community is achieved through the Council providing opportunities for	Minimum % of Council business conducted in open meeting	>90%
issues	residents and ratepayers to contribute to decision-making processes by providing their community views	Number of complaints upheld against the election process	0
		Agenda's for meetings (other than extraordinary meetings) of council and its committees are publically available (either via the internet or in Council service centres)	All agendas are publically available two clear working days before each meeting
Council Support		1	



Level of Service	How it contributes to our	How we measure our	2017/18
	community outcomes	performance	Performance Target
Management and provision of Creative Communities and SPARC funding schemes	The Council supports the development of communities by providing funding to agencies where it sees that such funding will positively support and make our communities more healthy, active and creative	Distribution of funds to Creative Communities and SPARC funding schemes on application from qualifying organisations	> 85% allocated
Management and provision of Otorohanga District Council community funding	The Council supports the development of communities by providing funding to agencies where it sees that such funding will positively support and make our communities more healthy, active and creative and also support the vulnerable and those at risk	Provision of Otorohanga District Council General Grants and ongoing Grants within budget allocations	Within annual budget allocation
Corporate Planning			
Meet Local Government Act 2002 statutory	By achieving statutory planning and reporting requirements a high standard of accountability is demonstrated to the	The Long Term Plan is completed within the statutory timeframe	Adopted before 30 June
planning and reporting requirements	community	The Annual Plan will be adopted before 30 June annually	Not applicable
		The Annual Report will include an unqualified opinion	Achieved
Existing levels of service as identified in Councils triennial survey meets the needs of the community	Having plans in place to ensure growth and change is managed will help ensure our community's vision will happen	A triennial Levels of Service Survey to all affected ratepayers	2017 survey, target 50% response
Policy Development			
Ensure major decisions are made in a democratically accountable way	Ensures Council's decision making processes involves and engages the community	100% of all significant decisions are made subject to respective consultative procedures that meet the requirements of the Local Government Act 2002 and/or Resource Management Act 1991	100%
Policy development is visible and accountable	Ensures transparency in policy development to provide better information supporting community involvement and awareness	Key draft policy documents subject to consultation are available on Council's website	100% are available by the date of public notification of the policy/planning document
		Meetings and statutory hearing are conducted in accordance with all relevant legislation	100% compliance
Provide location	Put in place management controls that address issues and	Assess need to review, and where necessary	Assessment undertaken of



Level of Service	How it contributes to our community outcomes	How we measure our performance	2017/18 Performance Target
legislation	are consistent with Council policies, Central Government legislation, and which reflect the Community Outcomes	review bylaws	bylaws and policy that are due review
Council meets statutory planning requirements	Ensures processes and policies are developed in a consistent manner and reflective of community input	All relevant statutory plans and reports are produced and made available to the public in accordance with statutory requirements and timeframes under relevant legislation	100% compliance



Governance and Leadership Fin	nancial Statements
--------------------------------------	--------------------

Governance and Leadership - Operating Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan		Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Operating Revenue				
Activity Revenue	101	104	103	1
Targeted Rates	21	21	21	-
General Rates	1,977	1,537	1,467	70
Other General Sources	4,432	4,602	4,798	- 196
Total Operating Revenue	6,531	6,264	6,389	- 125
Operating Expenditure				
Democratic Process	733	696	725	- 29
Otorohanga Community Board	150	146	150	- 4
Kawhia Community Board	70	67	71	- 4
Creative Communities	21	16	19	- 2
Sport New Zealand	14	14	15	- 1
Council Grants	127	132	66	66
Corporate Planning	451	553	559	- 6
Resource Management Policy Development	42	38	32	6
Support Services	4,529	4,777	4,881	- 104
Total Operating Expenditure	6,137	6,439	6,518	- 79
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	2,114	2,237	2,252	- 15
Depreciation & Amortisation	320	361	355	6
Interest	61	142	24	118
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	395	- 175	- 129	- 46
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or	395	-	-	-
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	-	- 175	- 129	- 46

Governance and Leadership - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements				
Capital Renewals	232	254	328	- 74
Capital Level of Service	10	11	10	-
Operating Deficit	-	175	129	46
Total Funding Required	242	440	467	- 27
Funded by:				
Funding from Non-Cash Expenses	177	210	234	- 24
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	- 395	175	161	14
Capital Income	65	55	72	- 17
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	395	-	-	-
Total Funding Applied	242	440	467	- 27



Combined - Operating Statement	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan (000's)	Long Term Plan (000's)	Annual Plan (000's)	variance (000's)
Operating Revenue	(000 3)	(000 3)	(000 3)	(000 3)
Activity Revenue	4,964	4,794	5,254 -	460
Targeted Rates	7,527	8,077	7,636	441
Development Contributions	10	11	10	-
General Rates	4,704	4,758	4,850 -	93
Other General Sources	5,985	6,043	6,405 -	362
Total Operating Revenue	23,191	23,682	24,156 -	474
Operating Expenditure				
Land Transport	8,659	8,232	9,277 -	1,045
Water Supply	2,037	2,140	2,124	15
Sewerage Treatment and Disposal	574	653	595	58
Flood Protection and Control Works	144	152	166 -	14
Stormwater Drainage	184	192	190	2
Community Services	2,603	2,655	2,695 -	40
Regulatory Services	1,621	1,560	1,648 -	88
Community Development	378	682	683 -	1
Governance and Leadership	6,137	6,439	6,518 -	79
Total Operating Expenditure	22,336	22,705	23,897 -	1,193
includes:				
Salaries and Wages	3,571	3,683	3,726 -	43
Depreciation & Amortisation	4,780	4,698	5,439 -	741
Interest	567	748	561	187
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	855	978	259	719
Operating Surplus transferred to Reserves; or	855	978	259	719
Operating Deficit funded from Reserves	-	-	-	-

Consolidated Cost of Service Statement

Combined - Capital and Reserves Funding Statement	2016/17 Annual Plan	2017/18	2017/18 Annual Plan	variance
	(000's)	Long Term Plan (000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Capital and Reserves Funding Requirements			. ,	
Capital Renewals	4,019	4,266	5,059	- 793
Capital Growth	51	52	52	-
Capital Level of Service	1,920	4,178	4,608	- 430
Loans Repaid	791	1,922	1,876	46
Operating Deficit	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Required	6,781	10,417	11,595	- 1,178
Funded by:				
Funding from Non-Cash Expenses	4,954	4,139	4,830	- 691
Loans Raised	456	3,422	4,197	- 776
Transfer from General and Special Reserves	- 151	564	888	- 324
Capital Income	667	1,315	1,421	- 106
Operating Surplus (via reserve)	855	978	259	719
Total Funding Applied	6,781	10,417	11,595	- 1,178



Financial Statements

Prospective Statement of Comprehensive Income

	2016/17 Annual Plan (000's)	2017/18 Long Term Plan (000's)	2017/18 Annual Plan (000's)
Income			
Rates Income	11,450	11,805	11,732
Contributions	10	11	10
Water by Volume Rates	782	1,030	754
Subsidies and Grants	3,671	3,449	3,775
Other Income	1,293	1,345	1,478
Other gains/(losses)	66	120	176
Total Income	17,272	17,758	17,927
Expenditure			
Employee Benefit Expenses	3,571	3,683	3,726
Depreciation and Amortisation	4,780	4,698	5,439
Other Expenses	7,433	7,532	7,766
Finance Costs	563	748	561
Total Expenditure	16,348	16,661	17,492
Profit before income tax expenses	924	1,097	435
Profit for the year	924	1,097	435
Other Comprehensive Income			
Gain/loss on property revaluation	23,285	12,082	1,426
Gain/loss on available for sale financial assets	-	-	3
Total other comprehensive income	23,285	12,082	1,428
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	24,209	13,179	1,863



Reconciliation of Prospective Statement of Comprehensive Income and Combined Cost of Service Statements

	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)
Total Operating Revenue (Income Statement)			
Total Income	17,272	17,758	17,927
Total Operating Revenue (Cost of Service Statements)			
Activity Revenue	4,964	4,794	5,254
Targeted Rates	7,527	8,077	7,636
Development Contributions	10	11	10
General Rates	4,704	4,758	4,850
Other General Sources	5,985	6,043	6,405
	5,585	0,043	0,405
	23,191	23,682	24,156
variance	- 5,919	- 5,924	- 6,229
Reconciling items:			
Internal recoveries	5,985	6,043	6,405
Gain/(loss) on sale of development properties	- 66	- 119	- 176
	5,919	5,924	6,229
Tatal Operating Funda ditura (Income Statement)			
Total Operating Expenditure (Income Statement)	10.010	10.000	47.400
Total Expenditure	16,348	16,661	17,492
Expenditure			
Land Transport	8,659	8,232	9,277
Water Supply	2,037	2,140	2,124
Sewerage Treatment and Disposal	574	653	595
Flood Protection and Control Works	144	152	166
Stormwater Drainage	184	192	190
Community Services	2,603	2,655	2,695
Regulatory Services	1,621	1,560	1,648
Community Development	378	682	683
Governance and Leadership	6,137	6,439	6,518
	22,336	22,705	23,897
variance	- 5,988	- 6,043	- 6,405
Reconciling items:	_,		-,
Internal recoveries	5,985	6,043	6,405
	5,985	6,043	6,405


Prospective Statement of Changes in Equity

	2016/17 Annual Plan (000's)	2017/18 Long Term Plan (000's)	2017/18 Annual Plan (000's)
Balance 1 July	273,533	276,961	292,812
Gain/(loss) on movement of reserves			
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	24,209	13,179	1,863
Total recognised income/(expense) for the year ended 30 June	24,209	13,179	1,863
Balance 30 June	297,742	290,140	294,675
Comprised of:			
Retained Earnings	155,150	157,556	157,306
Council Controlled Reserves	- 1,225	65	- 1,104
Reserve Funds	1,033	938	2,463
Revaluation Reserves	142,785	131,581	136,009
	297,743	290,140	294,675



Prospective Statement of Financial Position

	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18	
	Annual Plan	Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	
	(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,203	722	902	
Trade and Other Receivables	2,674	2,454	1,595	
Inventory	31	42	32	
Assets Held for Sale	668	3,915	3,897	
Total Current Assets	6,576	7,132	6,427	
Non-current Assets				
Investments	777	779	779	
Property, Plant and Equipment	302,722	298,853	301,017	
Intangible Assets	131	139	200	
Total Non-current assets	303,629	299,771	301,997	
Total Assets	310,205	306,904	308,423	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Trade and Other Payables	1,808	2,883	2,541	
Provisions	1	-	1	
Employee Benefit Liabilities	256	263	267	
Income in Advance	722	-	822	
Borrowings	-	500	-	
Total Current Liabilities	2,787	3,646	3,631	
Non-current Liabilities				
Provisions	19	19	18	
Employee Benefit Liabilities	82	84	86	
Borrowings	9,574	13,015	10,014	
Total Non-current Liabilities	9,675	13,118	10,118	
Total Liabilities	12,462	16,764	13,749	
Net Assets	297,743	290,140	294,675	
Equity				
Retained Earnings	155,150	157,556	157,306	
Council Controlled Reserves	- 1,225	65	- 1,104	
Reserve Funds	1,033	938	2,463	
Revaluation Reserves	142,785	131,581	136,009	
Total equity attributable to ODC	297,743	290,140	294,675	



Prospective Statement of Cash Flows

	2016/17 Annual Plan (000's)	2017/18 Long Term Plan (000's)	2017/18 Annual Plan (000's)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from rates revenue	12,231	12,835	12,969
Receipts from other revenue	4,922	4,750	5,261
Interest received	41	42	42
Dividends received	12	12	12
Payments to suppliers and employees	- 11,004	- 10,861	- 10,901
Interest paid	- 563	- 748	- 561
Net cash provided by/(used in) Operating Activities	5,639	6,029	6,821
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of Property, Platn and Equipment	65	55	72
Proceeds from sale of development property held for sale	602	1,260	1,349
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	- 5,934	- 8,906	- 9,714
Purchase of intangible assets	- 56	- 42	- 101
Net cash provided by/(used in) Investing Activites	- 5,323	- 7,633	- 8,395
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings	-	2,000	500
Repayment of borrowings	- 85	- 460	- 98
Net cash provided by/(used in) Financing Activities	- 85	1,540	402
Net (decrease)/increase in cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts	230	- 64	- 1,172
Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at the beginning of the year	2,973	785	2,074
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3,203	721	902



Prospective Statement of Public Debt

	2016/17 Annual Plan (000's)	2017/18 Long Term Plan (000's)	2017/18 Annual Plan (000's)
Opening Loan Balance	9,660	11,974	9,574
Net loans required	-	2,000	500
Loans repaid	- 85	- 460	- 98
Closing Loan Balance	9,574	13,514	9,976

The Public Debt Profile is based on the financial projections of the Otorohanga District Council for the 2017/18 financial year. These statements are based on activity expenditure and revenue projections and the assumptions and policies provided in this document, the Treasury Management Policy, Funding Policy, and Asset Management Plans.

Prospective Statement of Reserves

(000's)	(000's)	(000's)	
		(000 S)	(000's)
134,572	1,426	-	135,998
11	-	-	11
134,583	1,426	-	136,009
570	26	-	596
106	- 32	-	75
70	3	-	73
263	12	-	275
1,250	21	-	1,271
27	-	-	27
-	89	-	89
2,286	120	-	2,406
526	13,527	- 13,567	486
- 583	2,085	- 2,350	- 848
61	1,279	- 1,299	40
97	211	- 192	115
55	681	- 724	11
- 74	177	- 178	- 76
- 191	3,537	- 3,716	- 370
807	1,673	- 1,831	650
1,204	4,906	- 5,013	1,096
1,901	28,074	- 28,871	1,104
	11 134,583 570 106 70 263 1,250 27 2,286 526 - 583 61 97 555 - 74 - 191 807 1,204	11 - 134,583 1,426 134,583 1,426 570 26 106 - 263 12 1,250 21 1,250 21 2,286 120 2,286 120 526 13,527 583 2,085 61 1,279 97 211 55 681 - 74 191 3,537 807 1,673 1,204 4,906	11 - 134,583 1,426 134,583 1,426 570 266 570 266 106 322 700 3 263 122 1,250 211 277 - 286 120 2,286 120 526 13,527 526 13,527 526 13,527 526 13,527 526 13,527 526 13,527 526 13,527 526 13,527 526 13,527 526 13,527 526 13,527 527 13,567 5283 2,085 526 13,527 5383 2,085 54 1,279 1299 1299 97 211 1292 55 5831 7244 74



Statement of Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Otorohanga District Council (ODC) is a territorial local authority governed by the Local Government Act 2002.

The primary objective of ODC is to provide goods and services for the community or social benefit rather than making a financial return. ODC is a Public Benefit Entity (PBE) whose primary objective is to provide goods and services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to support that primary objective rather than a financial return.

Statement of Compliance

These prospective financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with Section 111 of the Local Government Act 2002, the Financial Reporting Act 1993, Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP) and the pronouncements of the New Zealand Institute of Chartered Accountants. These statements have been prepared in accordance with Tier 2 PBE accounting standards. These financial statements comply with PBE accounting standards.

Basis of Preparation

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these prospective financial statements.

The prospective financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest \$1,000 dollars. This rounding may cause minor rounding errors in the prospective financial statements. The functional and reporting currency of ODC is New Zealand dollars.

A Cautionary Note

The actual results achieved for any given financial year are likely to vary from the information presented and may vary materially depending upon the circumstances that rise during the period. The prospective financial information is prepared in accordance with Section 93 of the local Government Act 2002. The information may not be suitable for use in any other capacity.

Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

The specific accounting policies for significant revenue items are explained below:

Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Rates revenue

The following policies for rates revenue have been applied:

- General rates, targeted rates (excluding water-by-meter), and uniform annual general charges are recognised at the start of the financial year to which the rates resolution relates. They are recognised at the amounts due. The Council considers that the effect of payment of rates by instalments is not sufficient to require discounting of rates receivables and subsequent recognition of interest revenue.
- Rates revenue arising from late payment penalties are recognised as revenue when rates become overdue.
- Revenue from water-by-meter rates is recognised when the invoices are raised.
- Rates remissions are recognised as a reduction of rates revenue when the Council has received an application that satisfies its rates remission policy.

New Zealand Transport Agency roading subsidies

ODC receives government grants from New Zealand Transport Agency, which subsidises part of ODC's costs in maintaining the local roading infrastructure. The subsidies are recognised as revenue upon entitlement as conditions pertaining to eligible expenditure have been fulfilled.

Other grants received

Other grants are recognised as revenue when they become receivable unless there is an obligation in substance to return the funds if conditions of the grant are not met. If there is such an obligation, the grants are initially recorded as grants received in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions of the grant are satisfied.

Development and Financial Contributions

Development and financial contributions are recognised as other income when Council provides, or is able to provide, the service for which the contribution was charged. Otherwise,



development and financial contributions are recognised as liabilities until such time the Council provides, or is able to provide, the service.

Vested or donated physical assets

Where a physical asset is acquired for nil or nominal consideration, the asset is recognised at its fair value when the Council obtains control of the asset. The fair value of the asset is recognised as revenue, unless there is a use or return condition attached to the asset.

The fair value of vested or donated assets is usually determined by reference to the cost of constructing the asset. For assets received from property developments, the fair value is based on construction price information provided by the property developer.

Direct charges – subsidised

(i) Rendering of services - subsidised

Rendering of services at a price that is not approximately equal to the value of the service provided by the Council is considered a nonexchange transaction. This includes rendering of services where the price does not allow the Council to fully recover the cost of providing the service (such as building consents, water connections, dog licencing, etc.) and where the shortfall is subsidised by income from other activities, such as rates. Generally there are no conditions attached to such revenue.

Revenue from such subsidised services is recognised when the Council issues the invoice or bill for the service. Revenue is recognised at the amount of the invoice or bill, which is the fair value of the cash received or receivable for the service. Revenue is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the service to the extent that the Council has an obligation to refund the cash received for the service (or the extent that the customer has the right to withhold the payment from the Council for the service) if the service is not completed.

(ii) Sale of goods - subsidised

A sale of goods at a price that is not approximately equal to the value of the goods provided by the Council is considered a nonexchange transaction.

This includes sales of goods where the price does not allow the Council to fully recover the cost of producing the goods and where the shortfall is subsidised by income from other activities such as rates.

Revenue from the sale of such subsidised goods is recognised when the Council issues the invoice or bill for the goods. Revenue is recognised at the amount of the invoice or bill, which is the fair value of the cash received or receivable for the goods.

Revenue from exchange transactions

Direct charges – full cost recovery

(i) Rendering of services – full cost recovery

Revenue from the rendering of services (such as resource consents, etc.) is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the service. Stage of completion is measured by reference to the labour hours incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated labour hours for each contract. When the contract outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent that the expenses incurred are eligible to be recovered.

(ii) Sale of goods – full cost recovery

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, and when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Council.

Interest and dividends

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Dividends are recognised as income when the rights to receive payment have been established.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Grant expenditure

Non-discretionary grants are those grants that are awarded if the grant application meets the specified criteria and are recognised as expenditure when an application that meets the specified criteria for the grant has been received.

Discretionary grants are those grants where ODC has no obligation to award on receipt of the grant application and are recognised as expenditure when a successful applicant has been notified of the ODC's decision. The Council's grants have no substantive conditions attached.

Operating Leases

An operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other shortterm highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowing in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

Receivables

Receivables are recorded at their face value, less any provision for impairment.

Other Financial Assets

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for those financial assets classified as fair value through surplus and deficit in which case the transaction costs are recognised in the surplus or deficit. Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction costs.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade-date, the date on which ODC commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and ODC has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

ODC classifies its financial assets into the following four categories:

- fair value through surplus or deficit;
- held-to-maturity investments;
- loans and receivables; and
- available for sale financial assets.

ODC currently only has loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date, which are included in non-current assets.

After initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less impairment. Gains and losses when the asset is impaired or derecognised are recognised in the surplus or deficit. 'Trade and other receivables' are classified as loans and receivables.

Available for sale financial assets

Available for sale financial assets are those that are designated into the category at initial recognition or are not classified in any of the other categories above. They are included in noncurrent assets unless management intended to dispose of, or realise, the investment within 12 months of balance date. The Council includes in this category:

- Investments that it intended to hold longterm but which may be realised before maturity; and
- Shareholdings that it holds for strategic purposes.

After initial recognition the shareholdings in listed and unlisted companies are measured at their fair value. Where no fair value is available then the assets are valued at cost.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated as a separate component of equity in the available-for-sale revaluation reserve with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest rate and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognised directly in profit or loss.

Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the available-for-sale revaluation is reclassified from equity to the surplus or deficit.

Impairment of financial assets

At each balance sheet date ODC assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Any impairment losses are recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets held for sale are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Any impairment losses for write-downs of noncurrent assets held for sale are recognised in the surplus or deficit .

Any increases in fair value (less costs to sell) are recognised up to the level of any impairment losses that have been previously recognised.



Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment consist of:

Operational assets – These include land, buildings, landfill post closure, library books, plant and equipment, and motor vehicles.

Restricted assets – Restricted assets are mainly parks and reserves and related buildings owned by ODC which provide a benefit or service to the community and cannot be disposed of because of legal or other restrictions.

Infrastructure assets – Infrastructure assets are the fixed utility systems owned by ODC. Each asset class includes all items that are required for the network to function, for example, sewer reticulation includes reticulation piping and sewer pump stations.

Land (operational and restricted) is measured at fair value, and buildings (operational and restricted), and infrastructural assets (except land under roads) are measured at fair value less accumulated depreciation. All other asset classes are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

<u>Revaluation</u>

Land and buildings (operational and restricted), and infrastructural assets are revalued with sufficient regularity to ensure that their carrying amount does not differ materially from fair value and at least every three years.

The carrying values of revalued assets are assessed annually to ensure that they do not differ materially from the assets' fair values. If there is a material difference, then the off-cycle asset classes are revalued.

Revaluations of property, plant, and equipment are accounted for on a class-of-asset basis.

The net revaluation results are credited or debited to other comprehensive revenue and expense and are accumulated to an asset revaluation reserve in equity for that class-of-asset. Where this would result in a debit balance in the asset revaluation reserve, this balance is not recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense but is recognised in the surplus or deficit. Any subsequent increase on revaluation that reverses a previous decrease in value recognised in the surplus or deficit will be recognised first in the surplus or deficit up to the amount previously expensed, and then recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenses.

<u>Additions</u>

The cost of an item or property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Work in progress is recognised at cost less impairment and is not depreciated.

In most instances, an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised at cost. Where an asset is acquired at no cost, or for a nominal cost, it is recognised at fair value as at the date of acquisition.

<u>Disposals</u>

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset. Gains and losses on disposals are reported in the surplus or deficit. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in asset revaluation reserves in respect of those assets are transferred to accumulated comprehensive revenue and expenses.

<u>Subsequent costs</u>

Costs incurred subsequent to initial acquisition are capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to ODC and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis or diminishing value basis on all property, plant and equipment other than land, at rates that will write off the cost (or valuation) of the assets to their estimated residual values over their useful lives. The useful lives and associated depreciation rates of major classes of assets have been estimated as follows:

	Useful Life (Years)	Depreciation Rate
Buildings	40-100	1-2.5%
Improvements	20	5%
Vehicles	6.6	15%
Computers	3-4	25-33.33%
Office Equipment	4-10	10-25% DV
Furniture/ Fixtures		
Library Books	10	10% DV
Plant and Machinery		
Water Treatment	6.6	15% DV
Piping	2.5-3	33.33–40%
Equipment		
Other		



	Useful Life (Years)	Depreciation Rate
Water Reticulation		
Piping	50-80	1.25-2%
Equipment	20-50	2-5%
Other	20	5%
Wastewater		
Piping		
Equipment	15-80	1.25-6.66%
Other	5-30	3.33-20%
Stormwater	25	4%
Piping		
Equipment	50-80	1.25-2%
Other	10-60	1.66-10%
	20-80	1.25-5%
Roading		
Pavement		
(Basecourse)		
Sealed	30-60	1.66-3.33%
Unsealed	5-10	10-20%
Seal	5-15	6.7-20%
Culverts	10-80	1.25-10%
Bridges	12-94	1-8.5%
Kerb & Channel/		
Catchpits	45	2.2%
Footpaths	20-55	1.8-5%
Streetlights	5-46	2-20%
Signposting	5-20	5-20%
Delineators/ RPMs	3-7	14.3 -33.3%

The residual value and useful life of an asset is reviewed, and adjusted if applicable, at each financial year-end.

Intangible assets

Software acquisition

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense when incurred.

Amortisation

The carrying value of an intangible asset with a finite life is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Amortisation begins when the asset is available for use and ceases at the date that the asset is derecognised. The amortisation charge for each period is recognised in the profit or loss.

The useful lives and associated amortisation rates of major classes of intangible assets have been estimated as follows: Computer software (finite life) 3 years 33.3%

Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets subsequently measured at cost that have an indefinite useful life, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment.

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets subsequently measured at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use.

Payables under exchange transactions

Payables under exchange transactions are recognised when ODC becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services. Subsequent to initial recognition, payables under exchange transactions are recorded at amortised cost.

Employee entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits expected to be settle within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to, but not yet taken at balance date, and sick leave.

A liability for sick leave is recognised to the extent that absences in the coming year are expected to be greater than the sick leave entitlements earned in the coming year. The amount is calculated based on the unused sick leave entitlement that can be carried forward at balance date, to the extent it will be used by staff to cover those future absences.

A liability and an expense are recognised for bonuses where the Council has a contractual obligation or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave, have been calculated



on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- Likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement and contractual entitlements information; and

- The present value of the estimated future cash flows.

Presentation of employee entitlements

Sick leave, annual leave, and vested long service leave are classified as a current liability. Nonvested long service leave expected to be settled within 12 months of balance date are classified as a current liability. All other employee entitlements are classified as a non-current liability.

Defined Contribution Plans

Obligations for contributions to Kiwisaver are recognised as defined contribution plans and are recognised as an expense in the surplus or deficit when incurred.

Provisions

A provision is recognised for future expenditure of uncertain amount or timing when there is a present obligation (either legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as an interest expense and is included in "finance costs".

Landfill post-closure costs

ODC, as operator of the Otorohanga and Kawhia closed landfills, has a legal obligation under the resource consents to provide ongoing maintenance and monitoring services at the landfill. A provision for post-closure costs is recognised as a provision.

The provision is measured based on the present value of future cash flows expected to be incurred, taking into account future events including new legal requirements and known improvements in technology.

The discount rate used is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Financial guarantee contract liabilities

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the Council to make specified payments to reimburse the holder of the contract for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial quarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair value. If a financial guarantee was issued in a stand-alone arm's length transaction to an unrelated party, its fair value at inception is equal to the consideration received. When no consideration is received, the fair value of the liability is initially measured using a valuation technique, such as considering the credit enhancement arising from the guarantee or the probability that the Council will be required to reimburse a holder for a loss incurred discounted to present value. If the fair value of a guarantee cannot be reliably determined, a liability is only recognised when it is practicable there will be an outflow under the guarantee.

Financial guarantees are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- The present value of the estimated amount to settle the guarantee obligation if it is probable there will be an outflow to settle the guarantee; and
- The amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation as revenue.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at their fair value. After initial recognition, all borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method net of transaction costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

Equity

Equity is the community's interest in the Council and is measured as the difference between total assets and total liabilities. Equity is disaggregated and classified into a number of reserves.

The components of equity are:

Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expenses

- Restricted reserves
- Asset revaluation reserves
- Available for sale revaluation reserve

Restricted reserves

Restricted reserves are a component of equity generally representing a particular use to which



various parts of equity have been assigned. Reserves may be legally restricted or created by the Council.

Restricted reserves include those subject to specific conditions accepted as binding by ODC and which may not be revised by ODC without reference to the Courts or a third party. Transfers from these reserves may be made only for certain specified purposes or when certain specified conditions are met.

Also included in restricted reserves are reserves restricted by Council decision. The Council may alter them without references to any third party or the Courts. Transfers to and from these reserves are at the discretion of the Council.

Asset revaluation reserve

The asset revaluation reserve arises on the revaluation of land, buildings and infrastructural assets to fair value.

Available for sale revaluation reserve

Available for sale revaluation reserve arises on the revaluation of investments held. Where a revalued investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the available-forsale revaluation reserve is reclassified from equity to surplus or deficit.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

All items in the financial statements are stated exclusive of GST, except for receivables and payables, which are stated on a GST inclusive basis. Where GST is not recoverable as input tax then it is recognised as part of the related asset or expense.

Commitment and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

Cost Allocation

The cost of service for each significant activity of ODC has been derived using the cost allocation system outlined below.

Direct costs are those costs directly attributable to a significant activity. Indirect costs are those costs, which cannot be identified in an economically feasible manner, with a specific significant activity.

Direct costs are charged directly to significant activities. Indirect costs are charged to significant activities using appropriate cost drivers such as actual usage, staff numbers and floor area.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

In preparing these financial statements ODC has made estimates and assumptions concerning the

future. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual results.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations or future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Infrastructural assets

There are a number of assumptions and estimates used when performing depreciated replacement cost (DRC) valuations over infrastructural assets. These include:

- The physical deterioration and condition of an asset, for example the Council could be carrying an asset at an amount that does not reflect its actual condition. This is particularly so for those assets, which are not visible, for example stormwater, wastewater and water supply pipes that are underground. This risk is minimised by Council performing a combination of physical inspections and condition modelling assessments of underground assets;
- Estimating and obsolescence or surplus capacity of an asset; and
- Estimates are made when determining the remaining useful lives over which the asset will be depreciated. These estimates can be impacted by the local conditions, for example weather patterns and traffic growth. If useful lives do not reflect the actual consumption of the benefits of the asset, then ODC could be over or under estimating the annual depreciation charge recognised as an expense in the profit or loss. To minimise this risk ODC's infrastructural asset useful lives have been determined with reference to the NZ Infrastructural Asset Valuation and Depreciation Guidelines the National published bv Asset Management Steering Group, and have been adjusted for local conditions based on past experience. Asset inspections, deterioration and condition modelling are also carried out regularly as part of the ODC's asset management planning activities, which gives ODC further assurance over its useful life estimates.



Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment have been determined based on the asset management plans used during the creation of the LTP. For infrastructural assets this has been based on the information provided by the National Asset Management Steering Group (NAMS) regarding the useful life of infrastructural assets. For all other property, plant and equipment, the depreciation schedules included in the Income Tax Act have been used as a basis for setting the useful lives.

Critical judgements in applying ODC's accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying the ODC's accounting policies for the period of the Annual Plan:

1. Classification of property

ODC owns a number of properties, which are maintained primarily to provide housing to pensioners. The receipt of rental from these properties is incidental to holding these properties.

These properties are held for service delivery objectives as part of the ODC's social housing policy. These properties are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

2. Classification of investments

ODC owns a number of investments in other companies. The dividends received from these investments are incidental to holding the investments. These investments are held for strategic purposes, and are intended to be held for the long term. As such these investments have been classified as available for sale financial assets.

<u>3. Classification of non-financial assets as</u> <u>cash generating assets or non-cash</u> generating assets

For the purpose of assessing impairment indicators and impairment testing, ODC classifies nonfinancial assets as either cash-generating or non-cash-generating assets. The Council classifies non-financial assets as cash-generating assets if the primary objective of the asset is to generate commercial return. All other assets are classified as non-cash-generating assets.

All property, plant and equipment and intangible assets held by ODC are classified as non-cash generating assets. This includes assets that generate fee revenue or other cash flows for the

Council, as the cash flows generated as generally not sufficient to represent commercial return on the assets



Funding Impact Statement

Introduction

The Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 sets out the methods by which local authorities can rate and the detailed criteria around their uses.

The Local Government Act 2002 sets out processes and policies that local authorities must apply in the establishment of their rating systems, including the provisions of information to communities.

This funding impact statement sets out:

- The revenue and financing mechanisms used;
- An indicative level or amount of funding for each mechanism;
- Explanatory information supporting the use of general and targeted rates; and

A summary of the total rates requirement.

The application of funding methods to Council's activities is summarised in a table at the end of this section.

This statement should be read in conjunction with Council's Revenue and Financing policy that sets out Council's policies in respect of each source of funding of operating and capital expenses.

Revenue and Financing Mechanisms Background

The Revenue and Financing mechanisms to be used by the Council in relation to the Long-Term Council Community Plan can be found on page 50 of this Annual Plan.

Amount of funds to be Produced

The amount of funds to be produced by each mechanism in relation to the Long-Term Plan can be found on page 50 of this Annual Plan.

The amount to be produced from each rating mechanism is further broken down by the Note of the funding impact statement.

General Rate

The valuation system to be used for the general rate is capital value.

Uniform Annual General Charge

A uniform annual general charge will be set at a fixed dollar amount for each rating unit in the District.

Under the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 the Council is required to ensure that its uniform charges do not exceed 30% of the total rates take. For the 2016/17 year the uniform charges equate to 22.79% of the total rates take.

Lump Sum Contributions

There are currently no plans to invite lump sum contributions in respect of any of the targeted rates listed below.

Targeted Rates

Individual targeted rates to be set and assessed for the Annual Plan are listed on page 50 of this Funding Impact Statement.

Definitions of various categories of rateable land used on page 50 for setting targeted rates are as follows:

<u>Land Transport Rate</u>

All properties within the District fall under this category.

<u>Rural Rate</u>

All areas not within either the Otorohanga or Kawhia Communities fall under this category. Valuation numbers begin with 05550, 05620, 05650, 05670 or 05680.

Kawhia Community Rate

The area of the Kawhia Community is defined on a map approved by Council. Valuation numbers begin with 05640.

Hall Targeted Rates

Hall areas are defined on maps approved by the hall committees and Council. Funds received are generally available to Hall Committees to go towards the operation, maintenance, renovation and/or extension of those facilities.

<u>Water Supplied By Volume Rates – Rural</u> <u>Water Schemes (Arohena, Tihiroa, Ranginui</u> <u>and Waipa)</u>

Separate rating units in the Rural Water Supply areas with water meters are levied a targeted rate for water usage. This rate is set on a per cubic metre usage basis.

Separate rating units in the Rural Water Supply areas also attract a charge for each meter connected to the Rural Water Scheme.

Otorohanga Refuse Targeted Rate

All properties situated in the Otorohanga Community that have a building erected thereon are levied a uniform targeted rate for each separately occupied portion of any building.

Security Targeted Rate

The area of benefit is defined on a map approved by Council.



Otorohanga Water Supply

All properties connected to the Otorohanga Water Supply Scheme are levied a rate per connection.

<u>Otorohanga Sewerage</u>

All properties that are connected to the Otorohanga Sewerage Treatment & Reticulation Scheme are levied a rate per separately used or inhabited part of the rating unit. All properties with four or less water closets or urinals pay a flat fee. For all water closets or urinals over 4, a charge for each additional water closet or urinal applies.

<u>Water Supplied By Volume Rates -</u> <u>Otorohanga</u>

Properties in the Otorohanga Community water supply area with water meters are levied a targeted rate for water usage over the free allowance. This rate is set on a per cubic metre usage basis.

Every non-rateable separate rating unit within the Otorohanga Community has a targeted rate per annum. Those that are metered are charged for consumption, with a minimum charge applying.

Properties outside the Otorohanga Community water supply area, whether rateable or nonrateable, that are using water from the Otorohanga scheme are levied a targeted rate for water usage, on a per cubic metre basis, with a minimum charge per annum.

All properties, either rateable or non-rateable, receiving an extraordinary supply from the Otorohanga Community Water Supply will have a charge for each water meter.

Kawhia Refuse Targeted Rate

All properties situated in the Kawhia Community that have a building erected thereon are levied a uniform targeted rate for each separately occupied portion of any building.

Kawhia Water Supply

All properties that are connected to the Kawhia Water Supply Scheme are levied a uniform targeted rate per connection.

Kawhia Targeted Water Loan Rate

Properties in the Kawhia Community water supply area are levied a targeted loan rate to finance loan repayment costs in respect of loans raised for capital expenditure on the Kawhia water scheme.

Water Supplied By Volume Rates - Kawhia

Separate rating units in the Kawhia Community water supply area with water meters are levied a targeted rate for water usage over the free allowance. This rate is set on a per cubic metre usage basis.

Separate rating units outside the Kawhia Community water supply area with water meters that are using water from the Kawhia scheme are levied a targeted rate for water usage, on a per cubic metre basis, with a minimum charge per annum.

All separate rating units, either rateable or nonrateable, receiving an extraordinary supply from the Kawhia Community Water Supply will have a charge for each water meter.

<u>Water Supplied By Volume Rates – Kawhia</u> (Peak Season Metered Water Charge)

Separate rating units, both rateable and nonrateable, in the Kawhia Community water supply area that would have been liable for a Development Contribution in respect of the Kawhia Water Treatment Plant Upgrade after 30 June 2009 (or which has provided water to such a rating unit from the Kawhia Community Supply) shall be charged for a proportion of metered water used during the period from 20 December to the following 20 February at a higher rate per cubic metre. The proportion of metered water used to which the Peak Season Metered Water Charge (PSMWC) shall be applicable for a particular rateable or non-rateable unit shall be established based upon the following table:

Water Consuming Unit Category	Proportion of metered water volume to which PSMWC charges applicable for consuming unit
New residential unit	100%
Unit identified as supplying water to another unit liable for PSMWC charges	100%
Addition of Minor Household Unit to existing residential lot to which PSMWC not applicable	33%
Other developments	Case by case assessments based upon the proportion of development contribution applicable Household Equivalent Units (HEUs) ⁵ as a

⁵ Where HEUs are defined as in Council's Policy on Development and Financial Contributions



Water Consuming Unit Category	Proportion of metered water volume to which PSMWC charges applicable for consuming unit
	proportion of the total Household Equivalent Units of the property after development.
	Example: 2 HEU property developed to 5 HEU Proportion = $(5 - 2)/5 = 60\%$

Differential Targeted Rates

Differential Definitions

Properties within the Otorohanga Community may be charged targeted rates under one of two differentials. The differentials are applied based on the use to which the land is put.

The definitions of the two land use categories are:

- 🕏 Otorohanga Commercial
- 🕏 Otorohanga Residential

The following targeted rates are set using differentials.

Otorohanga Community Rate

The area of the Otorohanga Community is defined on a map approved by Council. Valuation numbers begin with either 05540 or 05541.

Otorohanga Targeted Sewerage Loan Rate

Areas of benefit are defined on maps and approved by Council.

Otorohanga Targeted Water Loan Rate

Areas of benefit are defined on maps and approved by Council.

Separately Used or Inhabited Part of a Rating Unit

A separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit includes any part of a rating unit separately used or inhabited by the owner or any other person who has the right to use or inhabit that part by virtue of a tenancy, lease or other agreement. As a minimum, the land or premises intended to form the separately used or inhabited part of the rating unit must be capable of actual habitation, or separate use. For the avoidance of doubt, a rating unit that has only one use (i.e. does not have separate parts or is vacant land) is treated as being one separately used or inhabited part.

Other Definitions

Metered supply for the purpose of extraordinary water supply shall exclude those properties where a water meter has been installed for research purposes only, or which do not otherwise satisfy the criteria for an Extraordinary Water Supply as defined below.

The supply of water to a customer which is used solely for domestic purposes in the dwelling unit shall be deemed to be an Ordinary Supply.

All other purposes for which water is supplied other than Ordinary Supply shall be deemed to be an Extraordinary Supply and may be subject to specific conditions and limitations. Extraordinary Supply, as defined in Council's Water Services Bylaw 2007, refers to the following circumstances:

- All premises outside the Otorohanga and Kawhia Communities which are connected to and draw water from the public water supply networks serving those communities, excluding those premises within the defined area of the Waipa Rural Water Supply Scheme; and
- All premises within the Otorohanga or Kawhia communities used for commercial, industrial or agricultural purposes, and schools, clubs and other non-residential premises where levels of water consumption would be expected to be significantly higher than that of a typical residential property.

Penalties on rates

The Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 empowers councils to charge penalties on the late payment of rates. Council is proposing to impose the following penalties:

- 1. A ten percent (10%) penalty on any portion of each instalment of rates assessed in the 2017-18 financial year that is not paid on or by the due date for payment.
- 2. A further ten percent (10%) penalty on any rates assessed in any financial year prior to 1 July 2017 that remain unpaid on 1 July 2017.
- 3. A further ten percent (10%) penalty on any rates to which a penalty has been added under (2) above that remain unpaid on 1 January 2018.

Penalties on water charges

A five percent (5%) penalty on any portion of the charge for the supply of water, as separately invoiced, that is not paid on or by the due date for payment as set out on the invoice.



All of Council Funding Impact Statement

2016/17 2017/18 2017/18	2016/17 2017/18	2016/17	
Annual Plan Long Term Plan Annual Plan	Annual Plan Long Term Plan	Annual Plan	
(000's) (000's) (000's)	(000's) (000's)	(000's)	
ding			Source of Operating Funding
nnual general charges, rates penalties 4,704 4,758 4,850	4,704 4,758	rges, rates penalties 4,7	General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties
7,527 8,077 7,636	7,527 8,077		Targeted rates
operating purposes 1,836 1,612 1,876	1,836 1,612	25 1,8	Subsidies and grants for operating purposes
657 695 675	657 695	6	Fees and charges
s, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts 631 646 799	631 646	ent fees, and other receipts 6	Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receip
ng Funding 15,356 15,787 15,837	15,356 15,787	15,3	Total sources of Operating Funding
g Funding			Application of Operating Funding
ppliers 10,184 10,349 10,712	10,184 10,349	10,1	Payments to staff and suppliers
567 748 561	567 748	5	Finance Costs
applications 815 861 777	815 861	8	Other operating funding applications
erating Funding 11,565 11,958 12,050	11,565 11,958	11,5	Total applications of Operating Funding
	3,791 3,829	3,7	Surplus (deficit) in operating funding
ng			Sources of Capital Funding
capital expenditure 1,835 1,837 1,898	1,835 1,837	re 1,8	Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure
cial Contributions 10 11 10	10 11		Development and Financial Contributions
ebt - 335 1,500 2,321	- 335 1,500	- 3	Increase (decrease) in debt
e of assets 667 1,315 1,421	667 1,315	6	Gross proceeds from sale of assets
Funding 2,177 4,661 5,651	2,177 4,661	2,1	Total sources of Capital Funding
ling			Application Capital Funding
			Internal charges and overheads applied
51 52 52	51 52		Capital Growth
1,920 4,178 4,608	1,920 4,178	1,9	Capital Level of Service
4,019 4,266 5,059			Capital Renewals
eserves - 23 - 5 - 281	- 23 - 5	-	Increase (decrease) in reserves
tal Funding 5,967 8,490 9,438	5,967 8,490	5,9	Total application of Capital Funding
l funding) - 3,790 - 3,829 - 3,787	- 3,790 - 3,829	- 3,7	Surplus (deficit in capital funding)
			Funding Balance
			Funding Balance



2017/18 Rates Information

Total	Rates 2016/17 (GST	Categories on which	Factor or Factors	Differential Categories	Differential	Indicative	
Revenue Required	Exclusive)	Rate is set			Calculation	Units of Measure	Rate or Charge
2,273,221	General Rate (partially funds activities as detailed below)	Every rating unit in the district	Rate in the \$ on capital value			4,085,948,759	\$0.0005564
1,479,657	Uniform Annual General Charge (partially funds activities as detailed below)	Every rating unit in the district	Fixed amount for each rating unit			3,993	\$370.56270
5,205,806	Land Transport Rate (partially funds the Land transport programme in compliance with the Revenue and Financing Policy).	Every rating unit in the district	Rate in the \$ on capital value Fixed amount for each rating unit			4,086,494,757	\$0.0009554 \$325.93328
403,874	Rural Targeted Rate (partially funds activities as detailed on page 54)	Every rating unit in the defined rural rating area	Rate in the \$ on capital value Fixed amount for each rating unit			3,554,224,812 2,075	\$0.0000345 \$135.47867
420,460	Otorohanga Community Targeted Rate (partially funds activities as detailed on page 54)	Every rating unit in the defined Otorohanga Community area	Rate in the \$ on capital value Fixed amount for each rating unit	Commercial Properties Residential Properties	Ratio 2.5 Ratio 1.0	93,362,722 233,406,804 1,301	\$0.0008540 \$0.0003416 \$188.26087
126,135	Kawhia Community Targeted Rate (partially funds activities as detailed on page 54)	Every rating unit in the defined Kawhia Community area	Rate in the \$ on capital value Fixed amount for each rating unit			164,190,161 605	\$0.0004336 \$90.65553
145,962	Refuse Collection Targeted Rate Otorohanga	Every rating unit in the defined Otorohanga Community area	Fixed amount for each separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit			1,368	\$106.69721



Total	Rates 2016/17 (GST	Categories on which	Factor or Factors	Differential Categories	Differential	Indicative	
Revenue Required	Exclusive)	Rate is set			Calculation	Units of Measure	Rate or Charge
124,582	Refuse Collection Targeted Rate Kawhia	Every rating unit in the defined Kawhia Community area	Fixed amount for each separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit			529	\$235.50465
531,089	Water Supply Targeted Rate Otorohanga	Every rating unit in the defined Otorohanga	Fixed amount for each separately used or inhabited	Otorohanga Community	Ratio 1.0	1,377	\$385.70115
200,141	Water Supply Targeted Rate Kawhia	Water Supply area Every rating unit in the defined Kawhia Water Supply area	part of a rating unit Fixed amount for each separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit	Outer Area	Ratio 1.0	418	\$416.50000 \$478.80562
41,267	Water Supply Targeted Loan Rate –	Every rating unit in the defined Otorohanga	Rate in the \$ on capital value	Commercial Properties Residential Properties	Ratio 2.5	73,864,000	\$0.0002218
15,331	Otorohanga Water Supply Targeted Loan Rate – Kawhia	Water Supply area Every rating unit in the defined Kawhia Water Supply area	Rate in the \$ on capital value		Ratio 1.0	268,380,900 117,543,200	\$0.0000887 \$0.0001304
13,980	Water Supply Targeted Loan Rate – Arohena Rural Scheme	Every rating unit in the defined Arohena Rural Water Scheme area	Rate in the \$ on capital value	Arohena Rural Water Scheme		145,466,500	\$0.0000961
414,347	Sewerage Treatment Targeted Rate	Every rating unit in the defined Otorohanga Sewerage Treatment area	Fixed amount for each separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit	1 unit 2 to 4 5 or more	per urinal	1,340 35	\$308.05310 No charge \$44.44000
73,114	Sewerage Treatment Targeted Loan Rate	Every rating unit in the defined Otorohanga Sewerage Treatment area	Rate in the \$ on capital value	Commercial Properties Residential Properties	Ratio 2.5 Ratio 1.0	73,043,000 268,380,900	\$0.0004053 \$0.0001621
18,503	Rural Halls Targeted Rate	Every rating unit within the defined Rural Hall areas	Rate in the \$ on capital value	Arohena Kio Kio Puketotara/Ngutunui Honikiwi		220,962,500 330,427,000 292,689,604 117,699,951	\$0.000005 \$0.000006 \$0.000003 \$0.000013
			Fixed amount for each separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit	Arohena Kio Kio Crossroads Puketotara/ Ngutunui Otewa		54 184 171 254 120	\$45.00 \$20.00 \$20.00 \$9.00 \$18.00



Total	Rates 2016/17 (GST	Categories on which	Factor or Factors	Differential Categories	Differential	Indicative	
Revenue Required	Exclusive)	Rate is set			Calculation Units of Measure		Rate or Charge
15,154	Aotea Erosion Targeted Rate	Every rating unit within the defined Aotea Community area	Fixed amount for each rating unit			170	\$89.14276
10,798	Aotea Erosion Targeted Loan Rate	Every rating unit within the defined Aotea Community area	Fixed amount for each property that did not make a capital contribution			25	\$431.92960
32,919	CBD Development Rate	Every commercial property within the defined Otorohanga Commercial area	Rate in the \$ on capital value			83,722,798	\$0.0001246 \$152.98599
00 700			rating unit				
36,796	Security Patrol Rate	Every commercial property within the defined Otorohanga	Rate in the \$ on capital value			48,744,000	\$0.0003774
		Commercial area	Fixed amount for each rating unit			98	\$187.73235
639,032	Water Supplied by Volume – Rural Water Supplies	Every property connected to the defined Rural Water Schemes.	Fixed amount for each cubic metre of water consumed	Arohena Tihiroa Ranginui Waipa		405,710 249,040 110,710 277,380	\$0.46 \$0.91 \$0.43 \$0.56
			Fixed amount per meter	Arohena Tihiroa Ranginui – First meter		73 53 7	\$377.78 \$400.00 \$1,800.00
				- Additional meter Waipa		11 139	No charge \$130.00
105,800	Water Supplied by Volume – Otorohanga Water Supply	Every property connected to the defined Otorohanga	Fixed amount for each cubic metre of water consumed (220 cubic metre free	Rateable properties	% of Revenue 51.1%	59,026	\$0.60
		Water Supply Scheme	allowance)	Non-rateable properties	3.2%	5,270	\$0.73
				Property outside Otorohanga Community	45.7%	59,994	\$0.73
			Fixed amount per meter	Non rateable inside		10	\$178.25



Total	Rates 2016/17 (GST	Categories on which	Factor or Factors	Differential Categories	Differential	Indicative	
Revenue Required	Exclusive)	Rate is set			Calculation	Units of Measure	Rate or Charge
				Community			
				All connected properties		150	\$102.22
7,406	Water Supplied by Volume – Kawhia Water Supply	Every property connected to the defined Kawhia Water	Fixed amount for each cubic metre of water consumed (220 cubic metre free	Within Community	% of Revenue 68.5%	3,359	\$1.13
		Supply Scheme	allowance)	Outside Community	31.5%	1,296	\$1.35
			Fixed amount per meter	All connected properties		18	\$102.22
2,116	Water Supplied by Volume – Kawhia Water Supply (PSMWC)	Every property connected to the defined Kawhia Water Supply Scheme meeting the conditions.	Fixed amount for each cubic meter of water consumed between 20 December and 20 February each year.			203	\$10.42
12,337,490	TOTAL						



	250,000	300,000	250,000	500,000	200,000	300,000	1,000,000	1,500,000	4,500,000
Property Value	Otorohanga	Residential	Otorohanga	Commercial	Kav	Kawhia		Rural	
Activity	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Democratic Process	189	199	227	315	197	224	197	247	545
Council Support	12	13	12	15	12	13	21	28	64
Corporate Planning	90	94	90	108	87	94	145	181	400
District Economic Development	63	65	63	72	61	65	90	108	217
Policy Development	5	5	5	6	5	5	8	10	23
Civil Defence	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Environmental Health	15	15	15	18	14	15	24	30	65
Dog Control	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Stock Ranging & Impounding	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Litter Control	8	8	8	10	7	8	16	21	52
Sport Waikato	6	6	6	6	5	6	7	9	16
Parks & Reserves	77	84	77	111	71	84	178	245	646
Refuse	134	134	134	136	281	282	50	55	82
Water Supply	453	453	453	453	561	561	10	10	10
Sewerage	360	360	360	360	6	6	6	6	6
Library	54	57	54	65	52	57	87	109	241
Public Conveniences	16	18	16	23	12	15	32	44	119
Kawhia Medical Centre	1	1	1	1	11	13	2	2	5
Kawhia Wharf	5	5	5	5	18	21	7	9	20
Council Property	26	27	40	64	33	40	- 1	- 1	- 1
Pool	155	155	155	155	12	12	123	123	123
Security Patrol	2	3	329	443	0	0	1	1	3
Halls	-	-	-	-	15	15	1	1	4
Environmental Services Manager	8	10	8	17	7	10	33	50	150
Planning & Development	10	12	10	20	8	12	40	60	179
Building Control	20	23	20	39	16	23	78	117	352
Cemeteries	3	4	3	7	3	4	14	21	63
Rural Fire	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	42	125
Stormwater	61	74	154	307	41	61	8	13	38
Land Transport	650	704	650	924	595	704	1,474	2,023	5,319
Sewerage Loan	47	56	117	233	-	-	-	-	-
Water Loan	26	31	64	128	30	45	-	-	-
Property Management	28	33	66	132	32	47	8	12	37
Land Drainage	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	12
Property Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CBD Development	-	-	212	248	-	-	-	-	-
	\$2,568.45	\$2,694.55	\$3,398.35	\$4,466.88	\$2,234.12	\$2,487.84	\$2,735.04	\$3,624.17	\$8,958.9

Examples of Indicative Contributions to Council Services – 2017/18 year



Annual plan disclosure statement for year ending 30 June 2018

What is the purpose of this statement?

The purpose of this statement is to disclose the council's planned financial performance in relation to various benchmarks to enable the assessment of whether the council is prudently managing its revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, and general financial dealings.

The council is required to include this statement in its annual plan in accordance with the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014 (the **regulations**). Refer to the regulations for more information, including definitions of some of the terms used in this statement.

Benchmark	Planned	Met
Rates affordability benchmark		
income	75% of total income	Yes
increases	4.45%	Yes
Debt affordability benchmark	100% of total revenue	Yes
Balanced budget benchmark	100%	Yes
Essential services benchmark	100%	Yes
Debt servicing benchmark	10%	Yes

Notes

1. Rates affordability benchmark

(1) For this benchmark,----

- (a) the council's planned rates income for the year is compared with [a quantified limit/quantified limits] on rates contained in the financial strategy included in the council's long-term plan; and
- (b) the council's planned rates increases for the year are compared with [a quantified limit/quantified limits] on rates increases for the year contained in the financial strategy included in the council's long-term plan.

(2) The council meets the rates affordability benchmark if—

(a) its planned rates income for the year equals or is less than each quantified limit on rates; and
 (b) its planned rates increases for the year equal or are less than each quantified limit on rates increases.

2. <u>Debt affordability benchmark</u>

(1) For this benchmark, the council's planned borrowing is compared with [a quantified limit/quantified limits] on borrowing contained in the financial strategy included in the council's long-term plan.

(2) The council meets the debt affordability benchmark if its planned borrowing is within each quantified limit on borrowing.

3. Balanced budget benchmark

(1) For this benchmark, the council's planned revenue (excluding development contributions, vested assets, financial contributions, gains on derivative financial instruments, and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment) is presented as a proportion of its planned operating expenses (excluding losses on derivative financial instruments and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment).

(2) The council meets the balanced budget benchmark if its revenue equals or is greater than its operating expenses.

4. Essential services benchmark

(1) For this benchmark, the council's planned capital expenditure on network services is presented as a proportion of expected depreciation on network services.



(2) The council meets the essential services benchmark if its planned capital expenditure on network services equals or is greater than expected depreciation on network services.

5. <u>Debt servicing benchmark</u>

(1) For this benchmark, the council's planned borrowing costs are presented as a proportion of planned revenue (excluding development contributions, financial contributions, vested assets, gains on derivative financial instruments, and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment).

(2) Because Statistics New Zealand projects that the council's population will grow [as fast as, or faster than,/slower than] the national population growth rate, it meets the debt servicing benchmark if its planned borrowing costs equal or are less than 10% of its planned revenue.



Organisation

Elected Members

Mayor: Max Baxter	Phone (Bus): Fax: Postal: Website:	(07) 873 4000 (07) 873 4300 PO Box 11,Otorohanga <u>www.otodc.govt.nz</u>
Deputy Mayor: Deborah Pilkington – Kawhia/Tihiroa Ward		(07) 863 5475
Councillors: Roy Johnson – Waipa Ward Ken Phillips – Kiokio/ Korakonui Ward Paul McConnell – Otorohanga Ward Annette Williams – Kawhia/Tihiroa Ward Robyn Klos – Wharepuhunga Ward Katrina Christison – Otorohanga Ward		(07) 873 0909 (07) 873 2789 (07) 873 6264 (07) 873 7715 (07) 872 4594 (07) 873 7779
Otorohanga Community Board: Paul McConnell – Chair Peter Coventry – Deputy Alan Buckman Liz Cowan Neville Gadd Katrina Christison		(07) 873 6264 (07) 873 8982 (07) 873 6535 (07) 873 0849 (021) 192 4933 (07) 873 7779
Kawhia Community Board: Kit Jeffries – Chair Deborah Pilkington - Deputy Dave Walsh Alan Rutherford Annette Gane		(07) 871 0891 (07) 863 5475 (07) 871 0552 (07) 873 0533 (07) 871 0864
Contact Datails		

Contact Details

Postal Address:	PO Box 11, Otorohanga
Council Chambers:	Maniapoto Street, Otorohanga
Telephone Number:	(07) 873 4000
Free phone, ratepayers only:	0800 734 000
Fax Number:	(07) 873 4300
Email:	info@otodc.govt.nz
Website	www.otodc.govt.nz
Bankers:	Bank of New Zealand, Otorohanga
Auditors:	Deloitte, Hamilton
Solicitors	Gallie Miles, Te Awamutu



Management Structure





Statistics

Amon and Damidatio		
Area and Populatio Area (square kilometres)	п	1,976
Population (2013 Census	9,513	
Communities	Area	Population
Otorohanga	507 ha	2,568
Kawhia	161 ha	348
Rural	196,932 ha	6,597
TOTAL	197,600 ha	9,513
Valuation		
Number of Rateable Prop	perties	4,894
Number of Non-Rateable	Properties	298
Rateable Capital Value		\$4,150,492,825
Date of last Revision of Values		1 September 2016
Estimated Public D		
Public Debt Outstanding	\$9,574,072	
DATE OF CONSTITUTION OF DISTRICT		1 November 1989





Schedule of Fees and Charges

All Fees include GST at the prevailing rate.

LAND TRANSPORT		
LAND TRANSPORT		
TEMPORARY ROAD CLOSURE COSTS Approved Community Events The Event is being organised by a non-commercial, not-for-profit organisation The Event is appropriate for all members of the Community to enjoy The Event have had event at least annually for 3 years e.g. Fishing Contest, Christmas Parade, Kawhia Regatta, Kai Festival	1 July 2016	1 July 2017
Application – Local Roads Application Fee External Advertising	No Charge Actual costs	\$400.00 Actual costs
Other Events – Sealed Roads (Rally's, Hill Climbs, Car Testing, Cycle Races etc)		
(Each application will be considered on its merits) Application fee for administering the Road closure External Advertising	\$400.00 Actual costs	\$500.00 Actual costs
Other Events – Unsealed Roads (Rally's, Hill Climbs, Car Testing, Cycle Races etc)		
(Each application will be considered on its merits) Application fee for administering the Road closure and Damage assessment	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
Plus, Bond (per road per day, unsealed roads only) External Advertising Reimbursement	\$5,000.00 Actual costs Actual Costs	\$5,000.00 Actual costs Actual Costs
STOCK MOVEMENT Refundable Bond (Costs or expenses covered by droving)	\$625.00	\$625.00
Construction of a cattle race on a road reserve Application Fee	\$145.00	\$145.00
Installation of a road crossing for dairy cattle Application Fee	\$145.00	\$145.00
<u>Cattle Underpass</u> Refundable Bond (To ensure satisfactory completion of the work)	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
KERB / FOOTPATH CROSSING BOND A deposit toward the cost of reinstatement of road carriageway or berm, from damage caused by building works	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
A deposit toward the cost of construction of a new kerb crossing. (Adj. at completion of work to actual cost) OR	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
A bond where a new or upgraded vehicle entrance will be installed by a preapproved Contractor directly by the owner	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00



WATER SUPPLY

		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
WATER CONNECTION CHARGES			
(RURAL WATER SUPPLIES ONLY) Connection Fee			
Arohena	Capital Contribution	Set on Application	Set on Application
	Connection Costs Administration Fee	Actual \$400.00	Actual \$400.00
		·	·
Ranginui	Capital Contribution Connection Costs	Set on Application Actual	Set on Application Actual
	Administration Fee	\$400.00	\$400.00
Tihiroa	Capital Contribution	Set on Application	Set on Application
	Connection Costs Administration Fee	Actual \$400.00	Actual \$400.00
		·	,
Waipa	Capital Contribution Connection Costs	Set on Application Actual	Set on Application Actual
	Administration Fee	\$400.00	\$400.00
Special Meter reading fee		\$100.00	\$100.00
Otorohanga Community			
WATER CONNECTION CHARGES			
Application Fee Within Otorohanga Community Application fee		\$195.00	\$195.00
Standard Domestic Connection (for 20 / 25mm service		\$790.00	\$790.00
within 4.0m of the watermain) if by ODC contractor Special Meter Reading		\$50.00	\$50.00
All other connections		Fixed price quote to b Council approved Cor	
Application Fee - Outside Otorohanga Communities Application fee		\$195.00	\$195.00
Capital Contribution		\$1,595.00	\$1,595.00
Standard Domestic Connection		Fixed price quote to b Council approved Cor	
Extraordinary Use Right to withdraw from Fire Hydrant	1 day	\$100.00	\$100.00
Right to withdraw from Fire Hydrant * Conditions Apply	1 year	\$1,500.00	\$1,500.00
Conditions Apply			
Kawhia Community			
WATER CONNECTION CHARGES Application Fee Within Kawhia Community			
Application Fee		\$195.00	\$195.00
Standard Domestic Connection (for 20 / 25mm service withi watermain and includes water meter for Kawhia Peak Seaso		\$1,400.00	\$1,400.00
Charge)			
Special Meter Reading Installation of Water Meter to existing connection for Kawhia	Peak Season Metered	\$100.00 \$250.00	\$100.00 \$350.00
Water Charge All other connections			
		Fixed price quote to b Council approved Co	• •
Application Fee Outside Kawhia Community			
Application fee Capital Contribution		\$195.00 \$1,595.00	\$195.00 \$1,595.00
Standard Domestic Connection	Approved Contractor	Quote	Quote
Extraordinary Use Right to withdraw from Fire Hydrant	1 day	\$100.00	\$100.00
Right to withdraw from Fire Hydrant	1 year	\$1,500.00	\$1,500.00



SEWERAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL

		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
Otorohanga Community			
SEWER CONNECTION FÉE			
Within Otorohanga Community			
Application fee		\$195.00	\$195.00
Connection		Fixed price quote to be	
		Council approved Cont	ractor
Outside Otorohanga Community			
Application fee		\$195.00	\$195.00
Capital Contribution		\$1,595.00	\$1,590.00
Connection		Fixed price quote to be	provided by
		Council approved Cont	
* Note: Connections into Councils reticulation can be made by o			
conditions. In these cases the applicant is liable for the application * Conditions Apply	on fee and capital co	ntribution (if applicable) o	niy.
Conditions Apply			
TRADE WASTE			
(Trade Waste By Law)			
Application Fee	All Classes	\$110.00	\$110.00
Controlled Consents	1 yearly fee	\$148.00	\$148.00
Controlled Consents	3 yearly fee*	\$294.00	\$294.00
Conditional Consents		(Set on Application-Ref	er to By Law)
Discharge of Septic Tank Waste			
Domestic Septic Waste (Within District)	Per m ^{3*}	\$30.00	\$30.00
Domestic Septic Waste (Outside District)	Per m ³ *	\$82.00	\$82.00
* Conditions Apply			

		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
Otorohanga Community			
OTOROHANGA RECYCLING CENTRE FEES			
Recycling (sorted)		_	_
Plastic Milk bottles	Washed & squashed	Free	Free
Soft drink (1 & 2)	Washed & squashed	Free	Free
Steel cans	Washed & squashed	Free	Free
Aluminium cans	Washed & squashed	Free	Free
Paper	No food	Free	Free
Cardboard	No food / flattened	Free	Free
Scrap Metal	_ /	Free	Free
Lead-Acid battery	Each	\$5.00	\$5.00
LPG bottles (must be degassed)	Each	\$10.00	\$10.00
Computer	Each	\$15.00	\$15.00
Electric motor	Each	\$10.00	\$10.00
Clean reusable timber	4	Free	Free
Firewood timber	trailer	\$10.00	\$10.00
Car Tyres	Each	\$6.00	\$6.00
4x4 Tyres	Each Each	\$9.00	\$9.00
Truck Tyres	Each	\$20.00	\$20.00
Replacement Recycling Crate	Each	\$20.00	\$20.00
Cleanfill/Greenwaste			
(no weeds or flax)		* * **	
Standard bag	Each	\$3.00	\$3.00
Large bag	Each	\$5.00	\$5.00
Carboot	Per load	\$10.00	\$10.00
6 x 4 trailer / ute	Perload	\$30.00	\$30.00
Other	Per m ³	\$30.00	\$30.00
Refuse	Per m ³	\$45.00	\$45.00
Official bag	Each	Free	Free
Standard bag	Each	\$4.00	\$4.00
Large bag	Each	\$7.00	\$7.00
Whiteware (must be degassed)	Each	\$10.00	\$10.00



		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
Television	Each	\$25.00	\$25.00
Video recorder Toaster/kettle	Each Each	\$5.00 \$5.00	\$5.00 \$5.00
Timber	Per m ³ load	\$55.00	\$55.00
0545750)/			
CEMETERY Plots			
Adults		\$1,050.00	\$1,050.00
		\$250.00	\$250.00
Ash Wall and Ash Berm Interment		\$260.00	\$260.00
Adults		\$1,100.00	\$1,100.00
Extra Depth Child 11yrs and under		\$1,250.00 \$500.00	\$1,250.00 \$500.00
Stillborn		\$150.00	\$150.00
Ash Wall (inc. Council installation of plaque and interment)		\$300.00	\$300.00
Ash Wall (inc. Own installation of plaque and		\$150.00	\$150.00
interment)			
Additional Fees			
Extracts from cemetery plans and records		nil	nil
LIBRARY			
GOLD CARD		.	.
Free New Fiction, Magazines, General Fiction, Non Fiction, Children's Books, Large Print	per card	\$45.00	\$45.00
Renewal - New fiction and selected popular non fiction	per renewal	\$2.00	\$2.00
Renewal - New Magazines Overdue Charges	per renewal per day after 3 weeks	\$1.00 \$0.20	\$1.00 \$0.20
Book Reserve Fee	per day after 5 weeks per item	\$0.20	\$0.20
Extra Card	,	\$5.00	\$5.00
Interloan		\$4.00	\$4.00
STANDARD CARD			
Free Fiction, Non Fiction, Large Print, Children's Books New Books (Fiction and selected popular non-fiction)	per book	\$2.00	\$2.00
(All Issues)		ψ2.00	ψ2.00
Non Fiction and Large Print Renewal - New fiction and selected popular non fiction	per book per book	Nil \$2.00	Nil \$2.00
New Magazines (6 months only)	per magazine	\$2.00	\$2.00
Renewal - New Magazines	per magazine	\$1.00	\$1.00
Renewal - Magazines Overdue Charges – Adult	per magazine per day after 3 weeks	\$0.50 \$0.20	\$0.50 \$0.20
Book Reserve Fee	,,,	\$0.50	\$0.50
Other Fees & Charges			
Internet Fees	per 15 mins	\$5.00	\$5.00
Internet Fees (Minimum Charge) Sale of Books	per book	\$2.50 \$0.50 - \$2.00	\$2.50 \$0.50 - \$2.00
Lost Books	Cost	replacement cost	replacement cost
Lost book handling Photocopying	per copy – A3	\$2.00 \$0.20	\$2.00 \$0.20
	per copy – A4	\$0.30	\$0.30
Faxing DVDs	per page per DVD (per week)	\$0.50 \$2.50	\$0.50 \$2.50
Out of district membership fee	per DVD (per week) per annum	\$40.00	\$40.00
SWIMMING POOLS			
Admission Adults		\$4.00	\$4.00
Children (Up to 16 years)		\$2.50	\$2.50
Children (Under 4 years)		Free	Free \$2.50
Students (With I.D) P.W.D		\$2.50 \$2.00	\$2.00 \$2.00
Seniors		\$3.00	\$3.00
Spectators Aquacise Public		\$1.00 \$5.00	\$1.00 \$5.00
Aquacise Senior		\$4.50	\$4.50



		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
Concession			
Family Day Pass (2 adults, 3 children)		\$12.00	\$12.00
Adult (10 swim)		\$40.50	\$40.50
Child (10 swim)		\$24.00	\$24.00
Senior (10 swim) Aquacise Pass (Public) (10 swim)		\$24.00 \$45.00	\$24.00 \$45.00
Aquacise Pass (Public) (10 swim) Aquacise Pass (Senior) (10 swim)		\$40.00	\$40.00
		ψ+0.00	φ+0.00
Pool Hire (non-exclusive, conditions apply)			
Within Otorohanga – per hour		\$36.00	\$36.00
Outside Otorohanga – per hour		\$48.00 \$20.00	\$48.00
Lifeguard supervision – per hour SECURITY PATROL SERVICE		\$30.00	\$30.00
Charges for properties outside defined area	Capital Value	Current Rate	Current Rate
(Former Differential Rating Area No 1)	Uniform Charge	Current Rate	Current Rate
	C C		
Kawhia Community			
KAWHIA RECYCLING CENTRE			
Recycling (sorted)			
Plastic Milk bottles	Washed & squashed	Free	Free
Soft drink (1 & 2)	Washed & squashed	Free	Free
Steel cans Aluminium cans	Washed & squashed Washed & squashed	Free Free	Free Free
Paper	No food	Free	Free
Cardboard	No food / flattened	Free	Free
Scrap Metal		Free	Free
Lead-Acid battery	Each	\$5.00	\$5.00
LPG bottles (must be degassed) Computer	Each Each	\$10.00 \$15.00	\$10.00 \$15.00
Electric motor	Each	\$10.00	\$10.00
Clean reusable timber		Free	Free
Firewood timber	trailer	\$10.00	\$10.00
Car Tyres	Each	\$6.00	\$6.00
4x4 Tyres Truck Tyres	Each Each	\$9.00 \$20.00	\$9.00 \$20.00
Truck Tyres	Luch	φ20.00	φ20.00
Replacement Recycling Crate	Each	\$20.00	\$20.00
Cleanfill/Greenwaste			
(no weeds or flax)			
Standard bag	Each	\$3.00	\$3.00
Large bag	Each	\$5.00	\$5.00
Car boot 6 x 4 trailer / ute	Per load	\$10.00	\$10.00
Other	Per load Per m ³	\$30.00 \$30.00	\$30.00 \$30.00
	i ei ili	ψ00.00	φ50.00
Refuse	Per m ³	\$45.00	\$45.00
Official bag	Each	Free	Free
Standard bag	Each	\$4.00	\$4.00
Large bag Whiteware (must be degassed)	Each Each	\$7.00 \$10.00	\$7.00 \$10.00
Television	Each	\$25.00	\$25.00
Video recorder	Each	\$5.00	\$5.00
Toaster/kettle	Each	\$5.00	\$5.00
Timber	Per m³ load	\$55.00	\$55.00
CEMETERY			
Plots		#4 0F0 00	
Adults Children		\$1,050.00 \$250.00	\$1,050.00 \$250.00
Ash Wall		\$250.00	\$250.00
		,	
Interment		A. A	A. A
Adults Extra Dopth		\$1,200.00 \$1,250.00	\$1,200.00 \$1,250.00
Extra Depth Children 11 years and under		\$1,350.00 \$500.00	\$1,350.00 \$500.00
Stillborn		\$150.00	\$150.00
Ash Wall (inc. Council installation of plaque and		\$400.00	\$400.00
interment)			
Ash Wall (inc. Own installation of plaque and		\$150.00	\$150.00
interment)			



		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
KAWHIA WHARF			
Shed Rentals			
NZ Steel		\$1,100.00	\$1,100.00
Other Sheds		\$900.00	\$900.00
Power Charge	per shed connected	\$200.00	\$200.00
Berthage			
NZ Steel		\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
Other Permanent Users		\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
Casual	per day	\$52.00	\$52.00

REGULATORY SE	RVICES		
		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT FEES All references are to the Resource Management Act 1991 unless specifie otherwise	ed		
Notes to Payment Of Charges All the deposits and specified amounts are payable in advance. Pursuan Section 36 (7) of the Resource Management Act 1991 Council need not the action to which the charge relates until the charge has been paid to it An additional charge may be required under Section 36 (3) where the se inadequate to enable Council to recover its actual and reasonable costs any particular application. Deposits made will be non-refundable and do not include GST.	perform t in full. t charge is		
External Consultants Fees When external consultants are engaged to review Consent applications t applicant will be charged the actual cost for those services.	he	Actual Cost	Actual Cost
Application For Change To District Plan Deposit payable on receipt of the application with the balance of Council recoverable on an actual and reasonable basis. <i>deposit</i> Staff time will be calculated at an hourly rate *	's costs	\$12,000.00 Actual Time	\$12,000.00 Actual Time
Notified Application (Landuse and Subdivision)	deposit	\$5,000.00	¢5,000,00
Limited Notified Application (Landuse and Subdivision)	deposit	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
These categories include:	deposit	\$3,500.00	\$3,500.00
 Controlled activities Restricted Discretionary and Discretionary activities Non-complying activities Extension of consent periods (Section 125) Change or cancellation or consent condition (Section 127) 			
Deposit payable on receipt of the application with the balance of Council recoverable on an actual and reasonable basis. Staff time will be calculated at an hourly rate *	's costs	Actual Time	Actual Time
Hearings Committee; In addition to staff time, a charge shall be payable by the applicant for the convening a Hearings Committee meeting and for any site visit by the He		Actual Time	Actual Time





Non-Notified Applications for Resource Consent (Landuse)	1 July 2016	1 July 2017
This category includes the following – Controlled activities – Restricted Discretionary and Discretionary activities – Change or cancellation or consent condition (Section 127) – Relocatable dwellings		
- Non complying activities deposit	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
deposit	\$1,500.00	\$1,500.00
Staff time will be calculated at an hourly rate *	Actual Time	Actual Time
Monitoring ; In the case of Land Use consents an additional fee to apply at the time of issuing the consent to cover the cost of ongoing monitoring.	\$250.00	\$250.00
Non-Notified Applications for Resource Consent (Subdivision)		
This category includes the following: – Controlled activities – Restricted Discretionary and Discretionary activities – Change or cancellation or consent condition (Section 127)		
Subdivision to Create One additional Lot		
Boundary Relocation or Adjustment involving up to deposit Three Existing Titles	\$1,300.00	\$1,300.00
- Non-complying activities deposit	\$1,800.00	\$1,800.00
Subdivision to Create Two or more additional Lots		
Boundary Relocation or Adjustment involving Four or <i>deposit</i> more Existing Titles	\$1,900.00	\$1,900.00
- Non-complying activities deposit	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00
Staff time will be calculated at an hourly rate *	Actual Time	Actual Time
Change or Cancellation of Consent Notice including Preparation of Document (Section 221 Resource Management Act)	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
Designations And Notices of Requirements Receipt of a designation or notice of requirement with the balance of Council's costs recoverable on an actual and reasonable basis.		
Outline Plan Application (Section 176A Resource	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00
Management Act) deposit	\$350.00	\$350.00
Application to Waive the Requirement for an Outline Plan (Minor Works only) (Section 176A Resource Management Act)		
Application to do anything to land that is subject to a Desgination (Section 176(1)b Resource Management	\$150.00	\$150.00
Act) deposit Request to the Requiring Authority responsible for an earlier designation (Section 177 Resource)	\$330.00	\$330.00
earlier designation (Section 177 Resource Management Act) <i>deposit</i>	\$330.00	\$330.00



REGULATORY SERVICES 1 July 2016 1 July 2017 Application to do anything that would prevent or hinder the public work or project (Section 178 Resource Management Act) deposit \$330.00 \$330.00 Transfer of rights and responsibilities for a Designation (Section 180 Resource Management Act) \$330.00 deposit \$330.00 Requirement for Alteration of a Designation (Section 181 Resource Management Act) deposit \$950.00 \$950.00 Removal of a designation (Section 182(2) Resource Management Act) deposit \$550.00 \$550.00 Application to extend the life of a designation (Section 184 and 184A Resource Management Act) \$550.00 deposit \$550.00 The balance of Council's costs recoverable on an actual and reasonable basis. * Actual Time Actual Time **Heritage Orders** Receipt of a heritage order or notice of requirement with the balance of Council's cost recoverable on an actual and reasonable basis (Section 189 Resource Management Act). deposit \$1,000.00 \$1,000.00 Application to do anything which would wholly or partly nullify the effect of a heritage order (Section 193 Resource Management Act) deposit \$330.00 \$330.00 Removal of a heritage order (Section 196 Resource Management Act) deposit \$950.00 \$950.00 Staff time will be calculated at an hourly rate * Actual Time Actual Time Other Resource Management Act Approvals \$550.00 Preparation and signing of any Bond (except \$550.00 deposit relocatable Bond), covenant, legal document or variation thereto required as a condition of consent (s.108,109) or application to vary or extend time in respect of any bond, covenant or consent notice under s.108 and/or 109 including preparation of documents Bond discharges (except cash relocatable bonds) standard fee \$320.00 \$320.00 **Relocatable Buildings** Bond Preparation Fee \$210.00 \$210.00 Partial Bond Refunds \$210.00 \$210.00 Application for an extension of time to complete works (Section 109(4) Resource Management Act) deposit \$200.00 \$200.00 Renewal of Resource Consent (Section 124(b) Resource Management Act) deposit \$330.00 \$330.00 Application for Extension of Consent Periods for Non-Notified Resource Consents (Section 125 & 126 Resource Management Act) deposit \$550.00 \$550.00 Application for Certificate of Compliance and Application for Existing Use Certificate (Section 139 Resource Management Act) \$1,000.00 \$1.000.00 deposit Application to extend the period specified to carry out and complete work subject to a bond (Section 222(2) Resource Management Act) deposit \$330.00 \$330.00 Application for a Section 224 certificate Completion of subdivision conditions deposit \$550.00 \$550.00



REGULA	ATORY S	SERVICES
--------	---------	----------

Application for a Section 226(e) certificate Allotment in accordance with requirements of District Plan		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
Cancellation of amalgamation condition (Section 241	deposit	\$550.00	\$550.00
Resource Management Act) Staff time will be calculated at an hourly rate Removal of Building Line Restriction (Section 327A	deposit	\$550.00 Actual Time	\$550.00 Actual Time
Local Government Act 1974) Easement approvals and revocation (Section 348	deposit	\$550.00	\$550.00
Local Government Act 1974)	deposit	\$550.00	\$550.00
Infringement Fees			NO GST
Contravention of s.9 (restrictions to use of land) (s.338 (1) (a))	standard fee	\$550.00	\$550.00
Contravention of abatement notice (but not under s 322 (1) (c), s338 (1) (a))	standard fee	\$800.00	\$800.00
Contravention of an excessive noise direction (s338 (2) (c)	standard fee	\$700.00	\$700.00
Contravention of an abatement notice about unreasonable noise (s338 (2) (d))	standard fee	\$700.00	\$700.00
BUILDING CONTROL Certificate of Title Search		\$25.00	\$25.00
Required for all Building Consent applications		\$25.00	\$25.00
Code Compliance Certificate Receive and process application. Issue Code Complaince Certificate		\$100.00	\$100.00
PIM – Project Information Memorandum Less than \$20,000		\$60.00	\$60.00
\$20,000 to \$300,000 Over \$300,000		\$00.00 \$145.00 \$225.00	\$00.00 \$145.00 \$225.00
BUILDING CONSENTS by PROJECT CATEGORY (Cost includes PIM)			
Minor Works Solid Fuel Heaters Garden Sheds Installation of Basic Warning System Marquees Plumbing & Drainage	Rural area add travel for 1 inspection	\$355.00	\$355.00
Minor Building Work Carports Demolition Para Pools & Equivalent Type Pools Decks & Pergolas	Rural area add travel for 2 inspections	\$467.00	\$467.00
Other Buildings Garages Hay Barns Implement Sheds Concrete Swimming Pools	Rural area add travel for 2 inspections	\$585.00	\$585.00
Bridges	Rural area add travel for 3 inspections	\$810.00	\$810.00
Detached habitable buildings with no plumbing & drainage Sleepouts, Office, Studio, small additions up to 30m ²	Rural area add travel for 3 inspections	\$925.00	\$925.00
Small Additions or alterations up to 30m ² with no plumbing & drainage	Rural area add travel for 3 inspections	\$925.00	\$925.00



Detached habitable buildings with plumbing/drainage Sleepouts with Toilet/Shower	Rural area add travel for 4 inspections	1 July 2016 \$1,150.00	1 July 2017 \$1,150.00
Small Additions or alterations up to 30m ² with plumbing & drainage	Rural area add travel for 4 inspections	\$1,150.00	\$1,150.00
Additions between 30 & 60m ² Note: for work over 60m ² , dwelling, commercial & industrial fees apply	Rural area add travel for 4 inspections	\$1,250.00	\$1,250.00
Dairy Sheds	Rural area add travel for 5 inspections	\$1,380.00	\$1,380.00
Resited Dwellings	Rural area add travel for 5 inspections	\$1,500.00	\$1,500.00
Single storey dwellings up to 100m ²	Rural area add travel for 8 inspections	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
Single storey dwellings up to 200m ²	Rural area add travel for 8 inspections	\$2,300.00	\$2,300.00
Single storey dwellings in excess of 200m ²	Rural area add travel for 9 inspections	\$2,400.00	\$2,400.00
Dwellings Two Storey or more up to 200m ²	Rural area add travel for 9 inspections	\$2,670.00	\$2,670.00
Dwellings two storey or more over 200m ²	Rural area add travel for 10 inspections	\$2,870.00	\$2,870.00
Small Commercial/Industrial Buildings up to 300m ²	Rural area add travel for 9 inspections	\$2,300.00	\$2,300.00
Commercial/Industrial Buildings in excess 300m ²	Rural area add travel for 10 inspections	\$3,300.00	\$3,300.00
Large Industrial and Commercial Projects			Actual Cost
Travel Costs (inclusive of staff time) Applies to building consents in excess of 5 km from Otorohanga	per km each way	\$2.60	\$2.60
A set rate will be charged with any building work in Kawhia	per Trip	\$105.00	\$105.00
A flat rate will be charged with any building work in Otorohanga	per Trip	\$26.00	\$26.00
Extra Inspections Where an inspection is requested but the project is not ready fails inspection		\$110.00	\$110.00
Report on Buildings to be Relocated A refundable performance bond based on the estimated cost of remedial work required to meet Resource Consent conditions may be required	Inspection and Report	\$300.00 (plus travel costs)	\$300.00 (plus travel costs)
Inspections of Existing Swimming Pool Fences (Plus Travel)	per inspection	\$110.00	\$110.00
Inspections of Buildings for Compliance with Section 224(f) Resource Management Act 1991	per inspection	\$250.00	\$250.00
Code Compliance Certificate for each additional inspection necessary to obtain compliance (Plus Travel)	per inspection	\$110.00	\$110.00
Extension of Time for which Building Consent is Valid Max 2 extensions of 6 months each		\$55.00	\$55.00



		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
Dept of Building and Housing levy B.R.A.N.Z levy		\$2.01 per \$1,000 \$1.00 per \$1,000	\$2.01 per \$1,000 \$1.00 per \$1,000
BCA Accreditation levy	per consent	\$40.00	\$40.00
Application for Certificate of Acceptance		\$421.00	\$421.00
per inspection		\$110.00	\$110.00
Application for Certificate of Public Use		\$421.00	\$421.00
per inspection		\$110.00	\$110.00
Planning Check			
Application reviewed for compliance with District Plan		\$150.00	\$150.00
Notice to Fix		\$421.00	\$421.00
per inspection		\$110.00	\$110.00
Section 71 and Section 77 Building Act 2004		* 500.00	* 500.00
Preparation, signing and registration of Notices and Certificates charged at actual cost	deposit	\$500.00	\$500.00
0			
Cancellation of Building Consent Upon cancellation of a building consent that has been	Per consent		
approved Council will refund all fees less 50% of the Building Consent Fee			
Building Consent Information – Others	per year	\$307.00	\$307.00
External Consultant Fees			
When external consultants are engaged to peer review Consent applications the applicant will be charged the		Actual Cost	Actual Cost
actual cost for those services.			
Audit Compliance Schedule		\$110.00	\$110.00
Issue new Compliance Schedule and Compliance Schedule Statement		\$250.00	\$250.00
Schedule Statement			
		¢44.05	¢44.50
Permit Fees - First Device (first 7 days) Permit Fees - Each additional device (first 7 days)		\$11.25 \$2.50	\$11.50 \$2.30
For each device for each further period of 7 days		-	\$1.15
LIQUOR LICENSING FEES			
On, off and club licenses	Maria	* 0.00 00	* 000.00
Application Fee	Very low Low	\$368.00 \$609.50	\$368.00 \$609.50
	Medium	\$816.50	\$816.50
	High Very High	\$1,023.50 \$1,207.50	\$1,023.50 \$1,207.50
Appuel Fee	Vorulou	¢161.00	¢161.00
Annual Fee	Very low Low	\$161.00 \$391.00	\$161.00 \$391.00
	Medium High	\$632.50 \$1,035.00	\$632.50 \$1,035.00
	Very High	\$1,437.50	\$1,437.50
Special Licence Class			
Class 1		\$575.00	\$575.00
Class 2 Class 3		\$207.00 \$63.25	\$207.00 \$63.25
	New and accord		
Managers Certificates	New and renewal certificates	\$316.25	\$316.25
Application for Temporary Authority		\$296.70	\$296.70
		φ∠90.7U	\$290.7U



		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
PUBLIC HEALTH FEES FOOD PREMISES Application for Food Premises Licence - initial		\$300.00 plus	\$300.00 plus
inspection and interview plus apportioned annual fee or \$100.00, whichever is greater		apportioned annual fee	apportioned annual fee
Annual Fee required by risk assessment Low risk premises	1 annual inspection	\$210.00	\$210.00
Medium risk	2 annual inspections	\$340.00	\$340.00
High risk Food Control Plans Audit Fee	3 annual inspections	\$420.00 \$380.00	\$420.00 \$380.00
Change of ownership	All License Catagories	\$110.00	\$110.00
Premises not required to be registered but requiring inspection Licensed premises, eating houses and food		\$190.00	\$190.00
preparation premises		¢	
General inspection fee		\$110.00	\$110.00
FUNERAL DIRECTOR Initial registration Initial inspection and interview plus apportioned annual fee or \$100.00, whichever is greater		\$300.00	\$300.00
Renewal annual fee		\$210.00	\$210.00
HAIRDRESSERS			
Initial registration of premises		\$300.00 plus apportioned annual fee	\$300.00 plus apportioned annual fee
Initial inspection and interview plus apportioned annual fee or \$100.00, whichever is greater			
Renewal annual fee		\$340.00	\$340.00
OFFENSIVE TRADES		\$200.00 plup	\$300.00 plus
Initial registration		\$300.00 plus apportioned annual fee	apportioned annual fee
Initial inspection and interview plus apportioned annual fee or \$100.00, whichever is greater			
Renewal annual fee		\$340.00	\$340.00
SALEYARDS Initial registration		\$300.00	\$300.00
Initial inspection and interview plus apportioned annual		,	,
fee or \$100.00, whichever is greater Renewal annual fee		\$210.00	\$210.00
CAMPING GROUNDS		\$200 00 -h	¢200.00 -b
Initial registration		\$300.00 plus apportioned annual	\$300.00 plus apportioned

fee annual fee Initial inspection and interview to check compliance with Camping Ground Regulations plus apportioned annual fee or \$100.00, whichever is greater Renewal annual fee HAWKERS AND MOBILE SHOPS \$340.00 \$340.00 Mobile Shops \$150.00 \$150.00 Mobile Shops (Temporary license for 3 months) \$50.00

\$50.00



REG	ULATORY SERVICES		
		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
DOG CONTROL Pursuant to Section 37 of the Dog Control Act 1996 t 2011/12 registration year and payable from 1 July 20 3 months or over, being based on the existing fees, a	12 in respect of all dogs aged		
Urban Dogs Urban plus Neutered Dogs		\$124.00 \$98.00	\$155.00 \$122.00
Urban plus Special Owner Dogs Rural Dogs		\$98.00 \$98.00	\$122.00 \$122.00
Special Owner plus Neutered Dogs Rural plus Special Owner Dogs		\$54.00 \$54.00	\$67.00 \$67.00
That an additional registration fee of 50% of the fee t on dogs not registered by 31 July shall apply.	hat would have been payable		
Registration tags to be supplied free of charge.			
Replacement tags to be supplied free of charge. Dog collars – all sizes		\$12.50	\$12.50
That all fees be inclusive of Goods and Services Tax	<u>.</u>	φ12.30	φ12.50
POUNDAGE DOGS			
That pursuant to Section 68 of the Dog Control Act 1 payable for impounding of dogs-	996 the following fees by		
A poundage fee of An additional poundage fee for second and subsequent impoundings.	per dog per dog	\$50.00 \$50.00	\$50.00 \$50.00
*Fee for dogs uplifted for barking complaints, threater registration or any other purpose authorised under th actual and reasonable costs incurred.			
Sustenance fee	per dog per day or part thereof	\$12.50	\$12.50
Notification Fee That impounded dogs only be released from the pou 8.30am to 5.00pm Monday to Friday on full payment made on Saturdays, Sundays or public holidays.		\$12.50	\$12.50
OTHER ANIMALS pursuant to Section 14 of the Impounding Act 1955			
Poundage For every horse, mare, gelding, colt, filly or foal		\$50.00	\$50.00
For every mule or ass		\$50.00	\$50.00
For every bull above the age of 9 months For every bull above the age of 9 months	Per head up to 6 head For every head over 6 head	\$50.00 \$22.00	\$50.00 \$22.00
For every ox, cow, steer, heifer or calf For every ox, cow, steer, heifer or calf	Per head up to 6 head For every head over 6 head	\$40.00 \$22.00	\$40.00 \$22.00
For every stag above the age of 9 months	neuu	\$50.00	\$50.00
For all other deer For every ram above the age of four months		\$40.00 \$16.00	\$40.00 \$16.00
For every ewe, wether, or lamb		\$11.00	\$11.00
For every goat		\$11.00	\$11.00
For every boar For all other pigs		\$45.00 \$45.00	\$45.00 \$45.00
Notification Advertisement That in addition to the above fees and to be consider where applicable, a notification fee of a newspaper of district.		\$40.00	\$40.00
Repeated Impounding That where stock, not necessarily the same animal, I is impounded on a second or subsequent occasion, i twice that charged on the initial impounding.		Double initial impounding Fee	Double initial impounding Fee



	1 July 2016	1 July 2017
Sustenanceper head of stock per day.That sustenance fees shall be payable by the owner of impounded stock sufficient to reimburse the Council for all actual and reasonable costs incurred in the sustenance of the stock provided that no such fee shall be less than.	\$8.00	\$8.00
Driving Charges That in the case of any stock found trespassing, straying or wandering on any road, the owner shall pay to the Council all actual and reasonable costs incurred in loading, driving or conveying the stock from the place where it is found to the nearest pound.	\$12.50	\$12.50
That impounded stock only be released from the pound between the hours of 8.30am to 5.00pm Monday to Friday on full payment of all fees. No releases to be made on Saturdays, Sundays or public holidays.		
TRESPASSING		
Trespass on any paddock of grass or stubble		
For every horse, cattle, beast, deer, ass or mule Per day	\$3.00	\$3.00
For every sheep Per day	\$1.00	\$1.00
For every pig or goat Per day	\$6.00	\$6.00
Trespass on any land bearing any growing crop or from which the crop has		
not been removed, or in any reserve, cemetery or burial ground	\$6.00	\$6.00
For every horse, cattle, beast, deer, ass or mule Per day For every sheep Per day	\$0.00 \$2.00	\$8.00 \$2.00
For every pig or goat Per day Per day	\$2.00	\$2.00

GOVERNANCE AND LEADERSHIP

		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
GIS PLANS			
For custom maps the GIS Officers time should be	per hr.	\$55.00	\$55.00
charged at			
Raster Data	Size		
	A4 (210 x 297)	\$10.50	\$10.50
	A3 (420 x 297)	\$12.50	\$12.50
	A2 (420 x 594)	\$15.50	\$15.50
	A1 (840 x 594)	\$31.00	\$31.00
Vector Data	A4 (210 x 297)	\$7.00	\$7.00
	A3 (420 x 297)	\$8.00	\$8.00
	A2 (420 x 594)	\$15.50	\$15.50
Dester plate are desired as there are 10 hours of the second	A1 (840 x 594)	\$20.50	\$20.50
Raster plots are dearer as they are solid graphics like to			
photography, whereas vector data is only line work and	text and therefore uses		
considerably less ink.			
PHOTOCOPYING			
Single <5			
A4 White		\$0.40	\$0.40
A3 White		\$0.60	\$0.60
A4 Coloured		\$1.00	\$1.00
Single >5			
A4 White		\$0.35	\$0.35
A3 White		\$0.50	\$0.50
A4 Coloured		\$0.80	\$0.80
Double sided <5			
A4 White		\$0.60	\$0.60
A3 White		\$0.80	\$0.80
A4 Coloured		\$1.50	\$1.50
Double sided >5			
A4 White		\$0.50	\$0.50
A3 White		\$0.70	\$0.70
A4 Coloured		\$1.25	\$1.25
Own Paper less 2c per copy, Staff Schools/Clubs less 2 peopliation Cash only under \$50	5%, Large Volumes by	ψ1. 2 0	ψ1.20

Own Paper less 2c per copy, Staff negotiation, Cash only under \$50



GOVERNANCE AND LEADERSHIP

		1 July 2016	1 July 2017
LAND INFORMATION MEMORANDUM			
Application Fee		\$230.00	\$230.00
Urgent Fee (within 5 working days)	Additional	\$130.00	\$130.00
Any follow up work as a result of a LIM Application for a property that include more than one		Actual costs \$50.00	Actual costs \$50.00
valuation Reference – Charge for each additional		φ00.00	φ50.00
reference			
LEGAL DOCUMENTS			
Preparation of Leases and Licences of Council land	Standard Fee	\$205.00	\$205.00
(plus actual disb. Costs i.e. any advertising fees)			
Preparation of Leases and Licences of Council land –	Standard Fee	\$155.00	\$155.00
renewal			
Sealing Fee per set of documents		\$35.00	\$35.00
		\$66.00	\$00.00
Title Search - Standard (plus disbursements)	per document	\$25.00	\$25.00
Title Search - Complex (plus disbursements)	per document	\$25.00	\$25.00
Search Fee for Complex Title Search Staff Time	per hour	\$50.00	\$50.00
RATING INFORMATION			
Road / Street Index	0	\$510.00	\$510.00
Written confirmation of individual property information and requisitions	On disc	\$50.00	\$50.00
	On paper		Actual Costs
Verbal information on properties to the owner, occupier	• •	Nil	Nil
or their representatives.			

* Details of staff hourly rates are available on request.



DEVELOPMENT CONTRIBUTIONS					
ROADING PROJE	Area of Benefit ECTS	1 July 2016	1 July 2017		
Safety Improvements Calculated based o	Hanning, Te Tahi and Mangati Roads n distance up road from State Highway 39, with a minimum charge of	\$14,039.00	\$14,039.00		
	NATER/ STORMWATER				
Otorohanga Community Water Reservoir Otorohanga Community Water Treatment Plant	Refer to Map Five in Development Contributions Policy Refer to Map Five in Development Contributions Policy	\$987.00	\$987.00		
Kawhia Community	Contributions Folicy	-	-		
a) Treatment & b) Headworks Thompson/ Harper	Refer to Map Three in Development Contributions Policy	-	-		
Avenue water main ring main completion Otorohanga	Refer to Map Two in Development Contributions Policy	\$473.00	\$473.00		
Community pre- treatment	Refer to Map Five in Development Contributions Policy	\$1,446.00	\$1,446.00		
Stormwater capacity upgrade	Refer to Map One in Development Contributions Policy	\$1,009.00	\$1,009.00		

RESERVE CONTRIBUTIONS

	new lot	
Under Section 108 Resource Management Act 1991	created	\$1,012.00

For every



ACTIVITY:

Goods or Services provided by or on behalf of Council.

ACTIVITY GROUPS:

Related activities clustered together under a single category, such as 'community facilities'.

ANNUAL REPORT:

A report that Council prepares once a year to assess performance against its objectives, activities, performance targets and budgets outlined in the Long-term Plan.

ASSET:

A resource controlled by Council, such as a park, road, stormwater system, water or wastewater plant.

ASSET MANAGEMENT PLANS:

Plans that provide operational guidance concerning service standards, maintenance and capital costs for assets such as parks, roads, stormwater systems, water and wastewater plants.

ASSUMPTIONS:

A statement that is used as a basis for making particular predictions that may or may not occur.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE:

Money spent to build or buy a new asset or to improve the standard of an existing asset.

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES:

A set of aspirations that reflect the community's desires for economic, social, environmental, and cultural well-being.

COUNCIL ORGANISATION:

Any organisation in which Council owns or controls any portion of voting rights or has the right to appoint one or more director, trustees, etc.

DIFFERENTIAL RATING:

A technique used to 'differentiate' or change the relative rates between different categories of rateable land in order to adjust the rating burden on one or more groups of ratepayers.

DISTRICT PLAN:

A detailed plan of the way the District's environment will be managed to achieve the purpose and principles of the Resource Management Act 1991.

EQUITY:

Also known as net worth. The total value of assets less total liabilities.

FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT:

A Document that includes information that discloses revenue and financing mechanisms and indicates the level or amount of funds to be produced by each mechanism.

LEVELS OF SERVICE:

The service parameters or requirements for a particular activity or service area against which service performance may be measured. Service levels usually relate to quality, quantity, reliability, responsiveness, environmental acceptability and cost.

LONG-TERM PLAN:

A ten-year plan adopted every three years under section 93 of the Local Government Act 2002. It describes Council's activities, why it participates in these activities and how the activities will be funded.

NEW ZEALAND DRINKING WATER STANDARD:

Drinking water standards set by the Ministry of Health.

OPERATING COSTS:

Money spent to deliver a service, maintain an asset, or any other expenditure, which does not buy, or build on, a new asset.

REVENUE AND FINANCING POLICY:

A comprehensive policy stating how each activity of Council is to be funded from rates, user charges, subsidies, other income or combination of these.

SIGNIFICANCE:

The degree of importance attached by Council to an issue, proposal, decision or other matter in terms of its likely impact on the wellbeing of the District.

SIGNIFICANT DECISION:

A Council decision that has a high degree of importance in terms of economic, social, environmental, or cultural wellbeing.

STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS:

Requirements identified and defined by the law.

STRATEGIC PLAN:

Long-term strategy for the District approved by Council

